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# An Introduction to Cloud Native Security



Emily Fox (@thefoxatwork) & Brandon Lum (@lumjjb)

Thursday, November 19 • 4:50pm - 5:25pm (CEST)



[github.com/cncf/sig-security](https://github.com/cncf/sig-security)

[#sigsecurity](https://twitter.com/sigsecurity)



**SIG**  
**SECURITY**

Introduction

Open Source Projects

Security Resources

Get Involved

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# Mission

to reduce risk that cloud native applications expose end user data or allow other unauthorized access.



# Charter

## Focus areas

- Protection of cloud native systems, while providing needed access
  - Common understanding and common tooling to help developers meet security requirements
  - Common tooling for audit and reasoning about system properties.
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# Open Source Projects

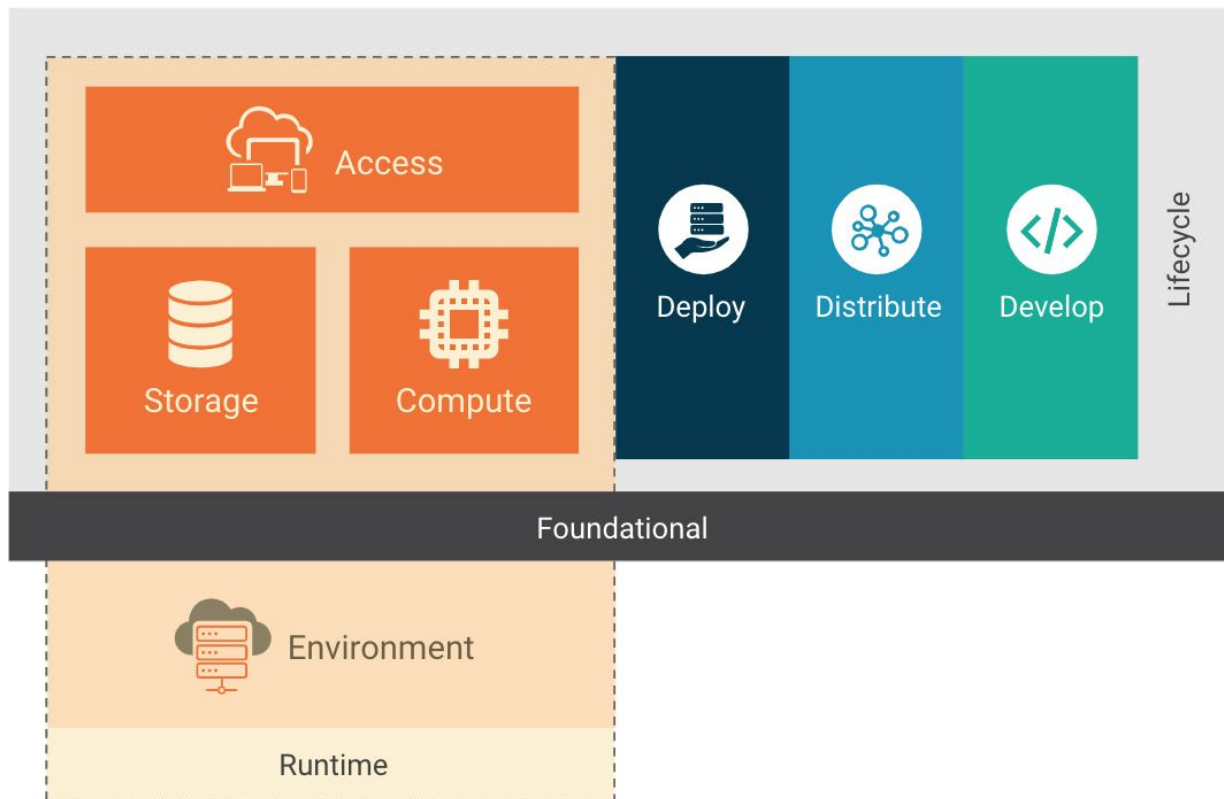
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- 36 pages
- Executive summary
- My first secure cloud native architecture
- Everything to get started in a secure cloud native workload
- Landscape companion
- Cloud Native Security Layers

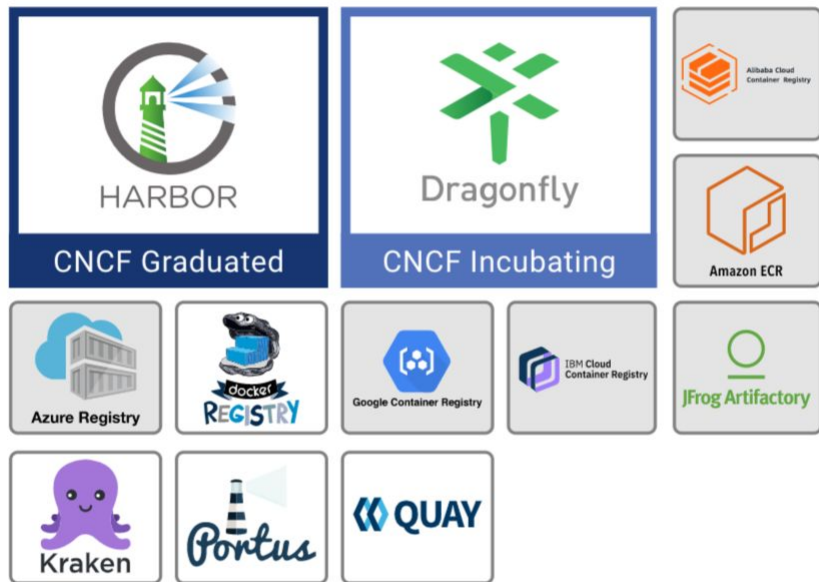
# Cloud Native Security Whitepaper

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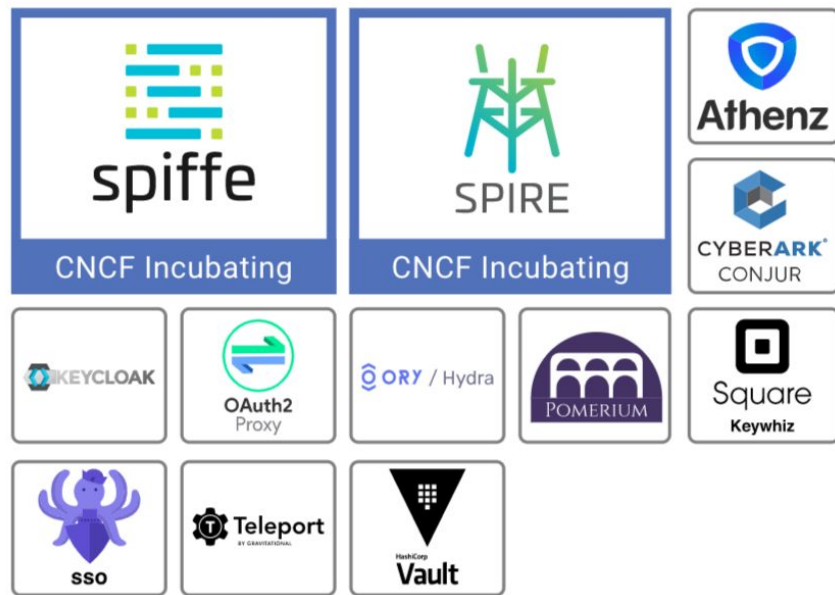
## Cloud native security layers



## Container Registry



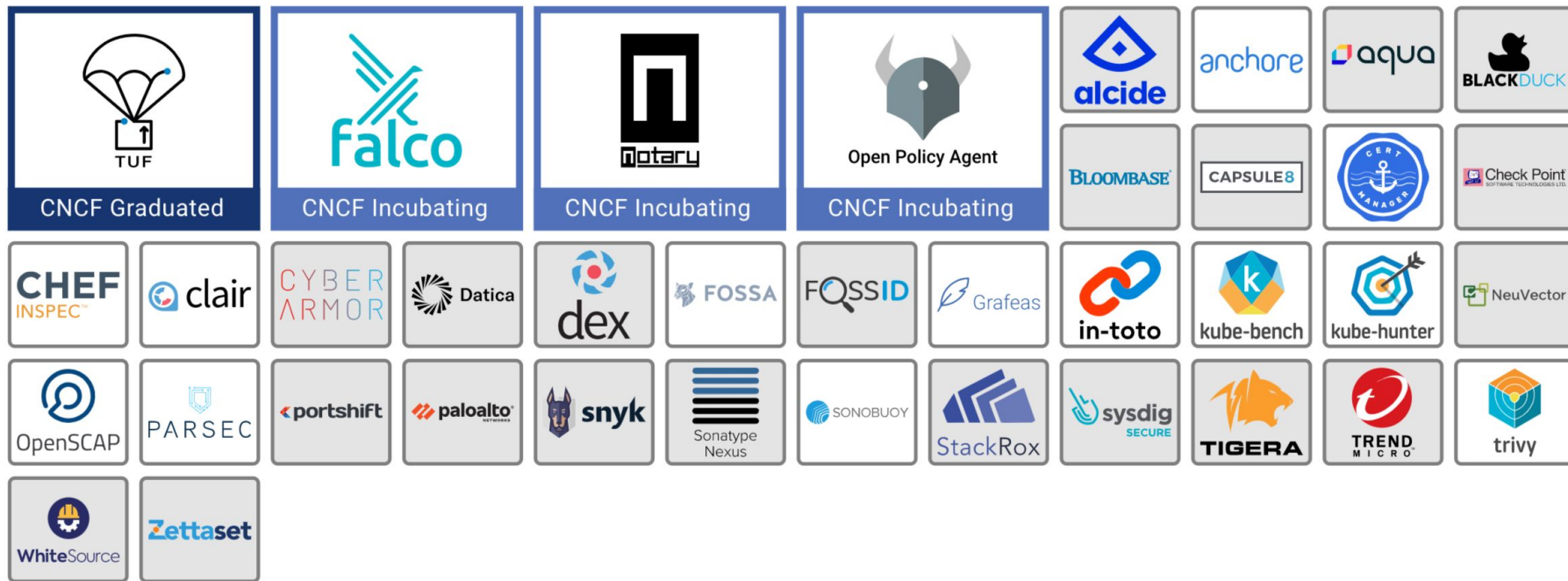
## Key Management



<https://landscape.cncf.io/>



# Security & Compliance



<https://landscape.cncf.io/>

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# Security Resources & Activities

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Interested to  
propose a topic?

[Create an issue!](#)

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# Presentations & Discussions

Presentations for related projects and groups: K8s security, K8s SIG-Auth, NIST Big Data WG, open source community and projects

Examples:

- PARSEC: Platform AbstRaction for SECurity
- Keylime: Scalable Trust System harnessing TPM
- K8s threat modeling & open source security training
- Discussion: Confidential Computing Consortium



## What is it?

Stemmed from initial review of in-toto

Catalog of Supply Chain compromises

## Provides

Provides a document to educate and promote security for decision makers

# Supply Chain Catalog

(/cncf/sig-security/supply-chain-security/)

This repository contains links to articles of software supply chain compromises. The goal is not to catalog every known supply chain attack, but rather to capture many examples of different kinds of attack, so that we can better understand the patterns and develop best practices and tools.

For definitions of each compromise type, please check out our [compromise definitions page](#)

We welcome additions to this catalog by [filing an issue](#) or [github pull request](#)

Name	Year	Type of compromise	Link
<a href="#">Webmin backdoor</a>	2019	Dev Tooling	<a href="#">1</a> , <a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">purescript-npm</a>	2019	Source Code Compromise	<a href="#">1</a> and <a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">electron-native-notify</a>	2019	Source Code Compromise	<a href="#">1</a> , <a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">ShadowHammer</a>	2019	Multiple steps	<a href="#">1</a> , <a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">PEAR Breach</a>	2019	Publishing Infrastructure	<a href="#">1</a> , <a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">Dofail</a>	2018	Publishing Infrastructure	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Operation Red</a>	2018	Publishing Infrastructure	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Gentoo Incident</a>	2018	Source Code	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Unnamed Maker</a>	2018	Publishing Infrastructure	<a href="#">1</a>
<a href="#">Colourama</a>	2018	Negligence	<a href="#">1</a> , <a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">Foxif/CCleaner</a>	2017	Publishing Infrastructure	<a href="#">1</a>

Community  
managed  
catalog!

Come  
collaborate!



[github.com/cncf/sig-security](https://github.com/cncf/sig-security)

#sigsecurity

Want to create a  
meetup?

Create an **issue** with  
the **event** you are  
attending and *raise it*  
*at the next meeting!*

# In-Person Meetups!

We miss you 2019!! 😞

KubeCon + CloudNativeCon San Diego, US, 2019 ([#128](#))

KubeCon + CloudNativeCon Shanghai, CN, 2019 ([#200](#))

KubeCon + CloudNativeCon Barcelona, Spain, 2019 ([#127](#))

DockerCon US 2019 ([#151](#))

...



[github.com/cncf/sig-security](https://github.com/cncf/sig-security)

[#cnsecurityday](#)

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## Completed Assessments:

[Harbor](#)



[SPIFFE/SPIRE](#)



[In-toto](#)



[OPA](#)



[Keycloak](#)



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# Security Assessments

- The security [assessment process](#):
  1. *Assesses the security posture of a project*
  2. *Informs the CNCF TOC on security aspects of projects*
  3. *Creates a security document for the project*
- Project documents serve as entry points for End User Community adoption of open source projects  
[github.com/cncf/sig-security/assessments/projects](https://github.com/cncf/sig-security/assessments/projects)



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# Let's look at an assessment

<https://github.com/cncf/sig-security/blob/master/assessments/projects/harbor/self-assessment.md>

# CNCF SIG-Security Harbor Project Self Assessment

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March 2020

Primary Author: Michael Michael, Harbor Maintainer ([@michmike](#), [@michmike77](#))

Security Reviewers: Andres Vega, Justin Cappos, Chase Pettet, Vinay Venkataraghavan, Robert Ficaglia, Martin Vrachev, Payam Tarverdyan Chychi, Cameron Seader.

This document details the design goals and security implications of Harbor to aid in the security assessment by CNCF SIG-Security.

- [CNCF SIG-Security Harbor Project Self Assessment](#)
- [Metadata](#)
- [Overview](#)
  - [Background](#)
  - [Goals](#)
    - [Security Goals](#)
  - [Non-Goals](#)
  - [History](#)
- [Intended Use](#)
  - [Target Users](#)
  - [Use Cases](#)
- [Project & Design](#)
  - [System Design](#)
    - [Identity Provider Integration](#)
    - [Components & Dependencies](#)
  - [Operations](#)
    - [Breakdown of Access, Tokens, and Creds in Harbor](#)
  - [Configuration and Set-Up](#)
    - [Default Configuration](#)
  - [Project Compliance](#)
- [Security Analysis](#)





Recovery: Contained



Risk: Shut-things-down bad



Risk: Considerable



Risk: Limited

# Blast Radius & Recovery

(1) Compromised Harbor Admin Password	(3) Compromised Infra Node	(6) Compromised Identity Provider	(9) Compromised Harbor Private Key
(10) Compromised Encryption Secret-key	(12) Compromised docker Client Tokens	(16) Compromised PostgreSQL Database	(20) Compromised Kubernetes secrets or Kubernetes master nodes/etcd
(18) Compromised Redis Cache	(8) Compromised Project Account with Developer Access or Higher Privileges	(15) Compromised Harbor Services Certificates for Internal Encryption	(5) Compromised Harbor built-in Authorization
(7) Compromised Harbor User with Limited Guest or Guest Credentials	(17) Compromised Storage Backend	(13) Compromised Harbor Front Door Certificate (FQDN)	(19) Compromised Nginx
(2) Compromised Robot Account	(11) Compromised Replication Credentials	(4) Compromised Scanner	(14) Compromised notary-signer Certificate

## Ecosystem

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Please see the Goals section at the beginning of this document to understand how Harbor aligns with the cloud native ecosystem.

## Security Issue Resolution

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### Responsible Disclosures Process

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Harbor has a comprehensive vulnerability and security policy that is outlined at <https://github.com/goharbor/harbor/security/policy>. We have already battle tested this policy and our Incident Response more than a few times and it has worked very well for both the Harbor team, our users, as well as the security researchers that reported vulnerabilities and attack vectors. You can view our published advisories at <https://github.com/goharbor/harbor/security/advisories?state=published>.

Our policy states that anyone who finds a vulnerability should report it to the Harbor security team through [cncf-harbor-security@lists.cncf.io](mailto:cncf-harbor-security@lists.cncf.io) with the details of the vulnerability. The email will be fielded by the Harbor Security Team, which is made up of Harbor maintainers who have committer and release permissions. Emails will be addressed within 3 business days, including a detailed plan to investigate the issue and any potential workarounds to perform in the meantime.

### Incident Response

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If a vulnerability is acknowledged and the timeline for a fix is determined, the Security Team will work on a plan to communicate with the appropriate community, including identifying mitigating steps that affected users can take to protect themselves until the fix is rolled out. The Security Team will also create a CVSS using the [CVSS Calculator](#). The Security Team makes the final call on the calculated CVSS; it is better to move quickly than making the CVSS perfect. The CVE will initially be set to private and Security Team will provide early disclosure of the vulnerability by emailing the [cncf-harbor-distributors-announce@lists.cncf.io](mailto:cncf-harbor-distributors-announce@lists.cncf.io) mailing list. A public disclosure date is then negotiated by the Harbor Security Team, the bug submitter, and the distributors list. Once the fix is confirmed, the Security Team will patch the vulnerability in the next patch or minor release, and backport a patch release into all earlier supported releases.

# OPA: Policy-based control for cloud native environments

**Goal:** provide consistent policy enforcement.

**Design:** General-purpose policy engine to enforce custom policies in disparate systems using a high-level declarative language (“Rego”).

**Security Analysis:** benefit for adopters who have heterogeneous infrastructure or high rate of change where lack of policy enforcement would present significant business risk. OPA reduces risk by:

- isolating policy from other business logic
- increasing visibility across the system

**Maturity:** The core technology is in production with a broad set of companies, incl. Netflix, Cloudflare, Chef. Contributions mostly from Styra, wide community participation ([78 contributors](#)).

*The added complexity of OPA is not trivial. OPA enables “policy as code” and Rego policy expressions require the same care to develop as any security critical code.*

*CNCF Recommendations:*

- Study of user practices with OPA policies (detect common patterns of insecurity, suggest improvements)
- Collect information from CNCF End User companies that integrate OPA into software and recommend integrations where OPA would have the largest security benefit for the cost.

*Project recommendations:*

- Improve documentation (common scenarios, deployment)
- Rego usability: reduce errors (testing, playground), increase understanding of security implication
- Expand security response team across companies



**Andres Vega**



**Ashutosh Narkar**



**Brandon Lum**



**Cameron Seader**



**Chase Pettet**



**Emily Fox**



**Justin Cappos**



**Justin Cormack**



**Krishan-Sharma**



**Martin Vrachev**



**Matt Hamilton**



**Payam Tarverdyan Chychi**



**Robert Ficaglia**



**Sarah Allen**



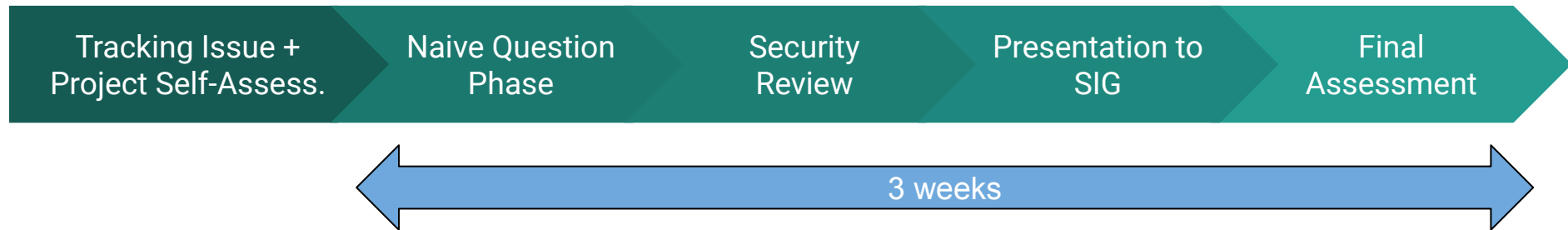
**Vinay Venkataraghavan**

## **Our Reviewers!**

Reviewers get the opportunity to:

- Have a deep-dive on new CNCF projects
- Networking with other security reviewers, project members and CNCF staff

# Security Assessments



## Join a review!

Reviews are sized be done in short sprints and our review team is very friendly!

Want to help? ⇒ shout out on slack! [#sig-security](#)

Upcoming assessment: [Cloud Native Buildpacks \(issue #377\)](#)

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# Get Involved

with



**SIG**  
SECURITY



<https://github.com/cncf/sig-security>

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## CNCF Special Interest Group for Security (SIG-Security)

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### Quick links

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- [Meeting Information](#)
- [Slack Information](#)
- [New Members](#)
- [Members](#)



## Members: (Current: 68)

60

40

20

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Pushkar Joglekar (@pushkarj)

Devarajan P Ramaswamy (@deva), PADME

Kamil Pawlowski (@kbpawlowski)

Geri Jennings (@izgeri), CyberArk

Jason Melo (@jasonmelo), NearForm

Torin Sandall (@tsandall), OPA

Sree Tummididi (@sreetummididi), Pivotal Cloud Foundry]

Christian Kemper (@ckemper67), Google

Ray Colline (@rcolline), Google

Doug Davis (@duglin), IBM

Sabree Blackmon (@heavypackets), Docker

Justin Cormack (@justincormack), Docker

Liz Rice (@lizrice), Aqua Security

Erik St. Martin (@erikstmartin), Microsoft

Cheney Hester (@quiqie), Fifth Third Bank

Mark Underwood (@knowlengr)

Rae Wang (@rae42), Google

Rachel Myers (@rachelmayers), Google

Evan Gilman (@evan2645), Scytale.io

Andrew Weiss (@anweiss), Docker

TK Lala (@tk2929), ZcureZ

Maor Goldberg (@goldberg10)

Andrew Martin (@sublimino), ControlPlane

Karthik Gaekwad (@iteration1), Oracle

Chase Pettet (@chasemp), Wikimedia Foundation

Jia Xuan (@xuanjia), China Mobile

John Morello (@morellonet), Twistlock

Alban Crequy (@alban), Kinvolk

Michael Schubert (@schu), Kinvolk

Andrei Manea (@andrei\_821), CloudHero

Santiago Torres-Arias (@SantiagoTorres), New York University

Brandon Lum (@lumjib), IBM

Ash Narkar (@ashutosh-narkar), OPA

Lorenzo Fontana (@fntlnz), Sysdig [Falco Maintainer]

Leonardo Di Donato (@leodido), Sysdig [Falco Maintainer]

Daniel Iziourov (@danmx), Adevinta

Michael Hausenblas (@mhausenblas), AWS

Zach Arnold (@zparnold), Ygrene Energy Fund

Tsvi Korren (@tsvikorren), Aqua Security

Simarpreet Singh (@simar7)

Michael Duce (@mfidii)

Roger Klorese (@qnetter), SUSE

John Menerick (@cloudsriseup), Ford Autonomic

Peter Benjamin (@pbnj), Norton LifeLock

Emily Fox(@TheFoxAtWork), National Security Agency, U.S.A.

Carlos Villavicencio (@solrac901), Intel

Gareth Rushgrove (@garethr), Snyk

Martin Vracev (@MVracev), VMware

Ricardo Aravena (@raravena80), Rakuten

Lakshmi Manohar Velicheti (@manohar9999), Shape Security

Andres Vega (@anvega), Scytale.io

Cameron Seader (@cseader), SUSE

Robert Ficaglia (@rficaglia), Policy WG

Matthew Giassa (@iaxes)

Tabitha Sable (@tabbysable)

Steven Hadfield (@steven-hadfield), FICO

Payam Tarverdyan Chychi (@unclepieman), Infoblox

Yeeling Lam (@yeelinglam), AT&T

Wayne Haber (@whaber github / @whaber gitlab), GitLab

Trishank Karthik Kuppusamy @trishankatdatadog, CNAB/Datadog/Notary-v2/TUF/in-toto

Apr 18

Jul 18

Oct 18

Jan 19

Apr 19

Jul 19

Oct 19



<https://github.com/cncf/sig-security#new-members>

New members are advised to:

- Join the [CNCF Slack team](#), particularly [#sig-security](#) channel and introduce yourself.
- Initially go through the following documents in the repository:
  - [README.md](#)
  - [CODE-OF-CONDUCT.md](#)
  - [usecases.md](#)
- Regularly join the [Zoom meeting](#) at least for the first couple of months to get yourself up to speed.
- Here are multiple ways to get involved:
  - Join the meeting as advised above and express your area of interests or if you want to work on any specific issue.
  - Express your thoughts or ask questions on an issue you find interesting.
  - Choose an issue where [help is needed](#) and comment on it expressing interest.

# <https://github.com/cncf/sig-security/issues>

## Presentation

Have something you want to share with the group? Or someone you would like to invite to speak? Propose a presentation for the SIG-Security weekly meetings.

[Get started](#)

## Proposal

To suggest an idea for a new resource or process that will improve cloud native security that you want to work on (if you have an idea that you don't personally want to work on, make a "suggestion")

[Get started](#)

## Security Assessment

To request a security assessment or track progress on active assessment

[Get started](#)

## Suggestion

You have an idea for a new resource or process that will improve cloud native security and you aren't sure if you are the person to work on it or want to get feedback from others to refine the idea

[Get started](#)

Don't see your issue here? [Open a blank issue.](#)

[Edit templates](#)

# Learn more...



**[github.com/cncf/sig-security](https://github.com/cncf/sig-security)**

**Slack:** [https://slack.cncf.io/  
#sig-security](https://slack.cncf.io/#sig-security)

## Meeting Times on Wednesdays:

General Meeting: 10am PT every Wednesday

Policy sub-group: 3p PT (bi-weekly)

## Sign up for our email list!

<https://lists.cncf.io/g/cncf-sig-security/>

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