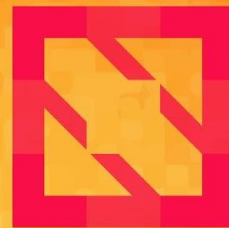




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Running High Performance User-space Packet Processing Apps in Kubernetes

Abdul Halim, Intel

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Topics



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- Motivation
- Challenges and overheads
- Utilizing the NICs line-rates
- DPDK
- Challenges running DPDK apps in K8s
- Sample deployment
- Capabilities needed in K8s
- SR-IOV networking in K8s
- SR-IOV network operator
- HW/SW configuration
- Demo
- Q&A

About us

Abdul Halim

Intel

- Cloud Software Engineer at *Network Control and Logic Group*, Intel
- Enabling high-performance networking solution for NFV with Kubernetes



@ahalim-intel

Peng Liu

Red Hat

- NFV Partner Engineer at *CTO Office* of RedHat
- Working on enhance open source softwares for NFV use cases.



@pliurh

Motivation



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The 5G network is expected to enable fully mobile and connected society with the vision of providing:

- Greater throughput
- Lower latency
- Ultra-high reliability
- Much higher connectivity density, and
- Higher user mobility



➤ Demands increasing network speed

5G depends on Kubernetes in the cloud!



Ref: https://www.ngmn.org/wp-content/uploads/NGMN_5G_White_Paper_V1_0.pdf



Challenges



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| Adapter | Capability |
|--|-------------------|
| Intel® Ethernet Network Adapter XXV710-DA2 | 25/10/1GbE |
| Intel® Ethernet Converged Network Adapter XL710-QDA1 | 40/10GbE |
| Intel® Ethernet Controller E810-CAM2/CAM1 | 100/50/25/10/1GbE |

| NIC Capability (Line-rate) | Payloads (Bytes) | Packets per seconds | Packets arrival rate(ns) |
|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 10 Gbits/s | 1500 | 812.74Kpps | 1230.4 |
| | 46 | 14.88Mpps | 67.2 |
| 40 Gbits/s | 1500 | 3.25Mpps | 307.6 |
| | 46 | 59.52Mpps | 16.8 |
| 100 Gbits/s | 1500 | 8.12Mpps | 123.04 |
| | 46 | 148.80Mpps | 6.72 |

- The higher the packet rate, the lower the time to process it
- To achieve “zero-packet-loss”, time spent in network stack must be \leq packets arrival rate

Overheads in Kernel



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- For the smallest frame (84 bytes) there is **67.2 ns** to process a packet given 10Gbit/s link
- Which is:
 - 201 CPU cycles @ 3GHz

Ref: [Brouer, J.D, 2015 - Network stack challenges at increasing speeds](#)



Overheads in Kernel

➤ Much of these cycles could be lost on:

- Context switching
- System calls
- Interrupt handling
- Lock and unlock
- Data copy
- Cache misses

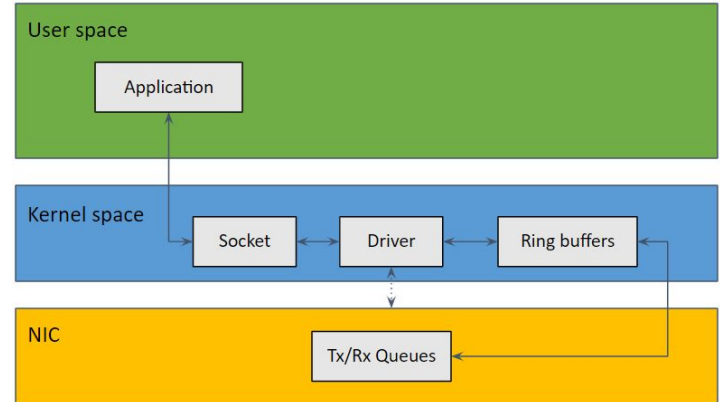


Fig: Packet processing in Linux kernel

Utilizing full line-rates



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- By adding performance optimization in Kernel stack
- Network stack bypass solution
 - DPDK - Packet processing in user space
 - RDMA
 - Programmable packet processing with XDP

- ***DPDK (Data Plane Development Kit)*** is a framework (under the Linux Foundation) comprised of various userspace libraries and drivers for fast packet processing

How DPDK does it



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➤ DPDK runs in user space

- Dedicated processors -> no context switching
- Dedicated network I/O
- Hugepages -> no swap, TLB
- UIO -> No copy from Kernel
- Polling -> No interrupt overhead
- Lockless synchronization
- Batch packets handling

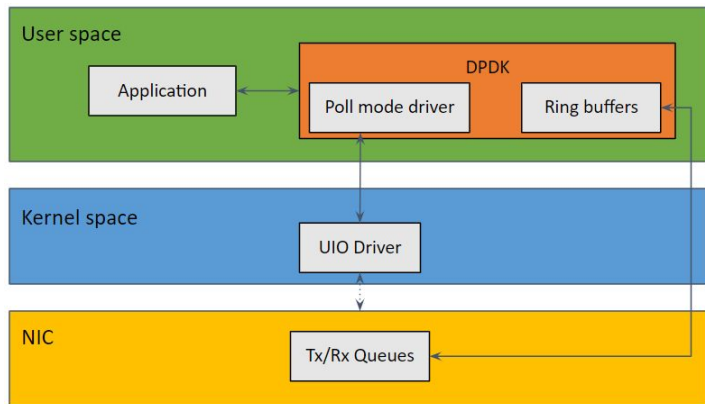


Fig: Packet processing in user space with DPDK

Ref: [Brouer, J.D, 2015 - Network stack challenges at increasing speeds](#)

- But DPDK comes with caveat
- Guaranteed performance requires optimal resource allocation & tuning
 - Exclusive CPU cores
 - Direct device assignments
 - Huge Page memory
 - NUMA alignments
- These are the key requirements in Kubernetes for DPDK apps
 - Challenge here is ***resource allocation & management***

This session about

Capabilities needed in Kubernetes to orchestrate resource
critical DPDK apps and how to do it

Sample deployment



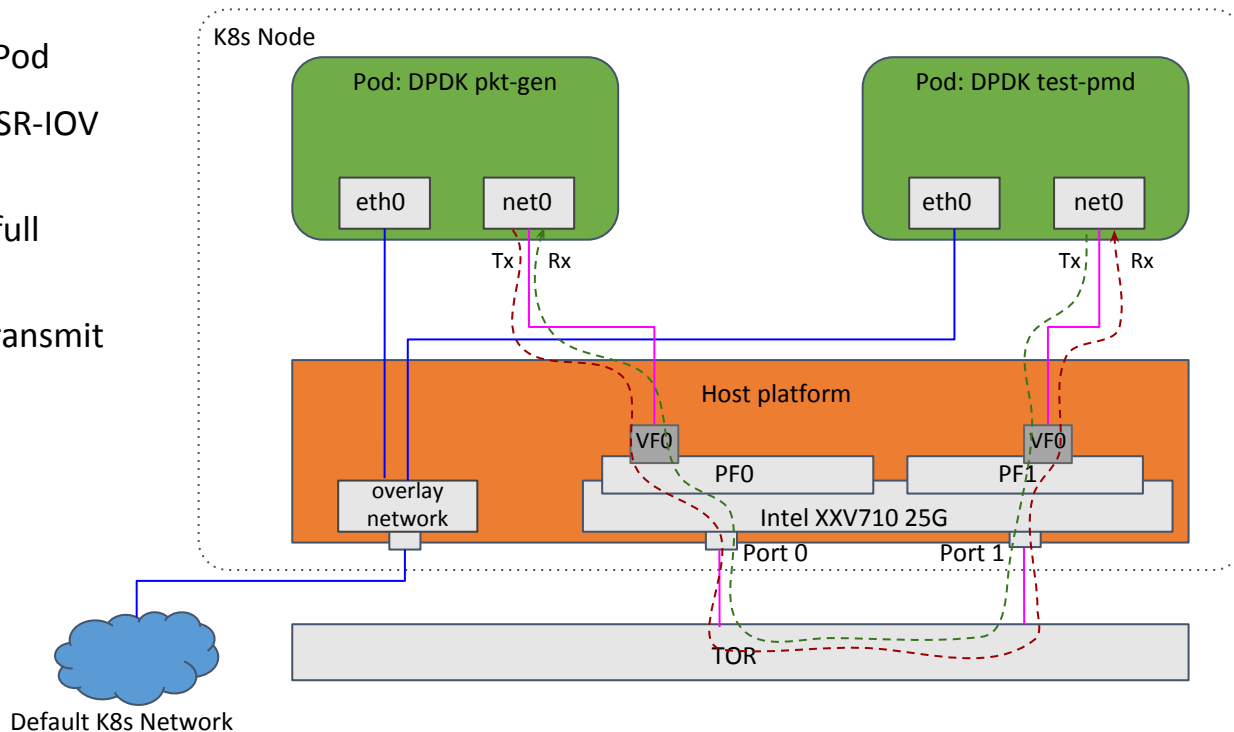
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- 2 DPDK apps running in K8s Pod
- Send/Receive packets using SR-IOV VFs
- Pkt-gen transmit packets at full line-rate
- Test-pmd acts as l2fwd, re-transmit packets to the src addr



Running a DPDK app



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Exclusive CPUs

NUMA aligned memory allocation

```
# testpmd -l 3,31 -n 4 -w 0000:18:02.1 -- -i --portmask=0x1 --nb-cores=2 --numa
```

Device assignment

```
EAL: Detected 56 lcore(s)
EAL: Detected 2 NUMA nodes
EAL: Multi-process socket /var/run/dpdk/rte/mp_socket
EAL: Selected IOVA mode 'VA'
EAL: No free hugepages reported in hugepages-2048kB
EAL: Probing VFIO support...
EAL: VFIO support initialized
EAL: PCI device 0000:18:02.1 on NUMA socket 1
EAL: probe driver: 8086:154c net_i40e_vf
EAL: using IOMMU type 1 (Type 1)
Auto-start selected
Set macswap packet forwarding mode
testpmd: create a new mbuf pool <mbuf_pool_socket_0>: n=155456, size=2176, socket=1
Configuring Port 0 (socket 1)
Port 0: BA:AA:7A:88:F2:44
Checking link statuses...
Done
```



Required K8s Capabilities



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- Exclusive CPUs
 - Native CPU manager (v1.8)
- Huge Page memory
 - Native Hugepage support (v1.8)
- Direct device assignment
 - Device Plugins (v1.8)
- Resource NUMA alignments
 - Topology manager (v1.16 alpha)

Required other components



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- SR-IOV network resource management
 - github.com/intel/sriov-network-device-plugin
- SR-IOV network interface configuration
 - github.com/intel/multus-cni
 - github.com/intel/sriov-cni
- Managing configuration and deployment
 - github.com/openshift/sriov-network-operator
- Pod resource parameters
 - github.com/openshift/app-netutil
- SR-IOV network resource injector
 - github.com/intel/network-resources-injector

Platform overview



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Intel® Server Board S2600WFR (Wolf Pass Refresh)



Intel® Ethernet Network Adapter XXV710-DA2 2x25G

| Feature | S2600WF0R |
|-------------------|---|
| Platform | Intel® Server Board S2600WFR (Wolf Pass Refresh) |
| Processor | 2 x Intel® Xeon® Platinum Cascade Lake SP 8280M Processor 28 Cores @ 2.70GHz 38.5MB L3 Cache |
| Chipset | Intel® C624 |
| Memory | 24 DDR4 RDIMM/LRDIMMs, 2 SPC, 12x channels/system 2666 MT/s @ 2DPC, 72 GB total |
| PCIe* | Up to 8 PCIe* slots via 3 Risers, One x8 PCIe Gen 3 SAS Mezz Module |
| NIC (PCIe addons) | Intel® Ethernet Network Adapter XXV710-DA2 2x25G |
| BIOS | Vendor: Intel Corporation Version: SE5C620.86B.0D.01.0321.011120191026 Release Date: 01/11/2019 |

SW Configuration



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| SW | Version |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Kubernetes | v1.16 |
| Openshift | v4.3 |
| Host OS: RedHat CoreOS | v4.3 |
| SRIOV CNI Plugin | v2.1 |
| SRIOV Network Device Plugin | v.3.0 |
| SRIOV Network Operator | v4.3 |
| Multus | v3.3 |
| DPDK | v19.08 |
| pktgen-dpdk | v19.08 |



➤ Getting exclusive CPUs

- Run containers in Pod with **“Guaranteed”** QoS class
- Request exclusive CPU cores
 - Run Kubelet with:
`--cpu-manager-policy=static`
 - Add equal integer values for CPU in both `requests` & `limits`

Guaranteed Pod:

```
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx
    resources:
      limits:
        memory: "200Mi"
        cpu: "2"
      requests:
        memory: "200Mi"
        cpu: "2"
```



➤ Enable resource NUMA alignment

- Available in K8s (v1.16 alpha)
 - Works on Nodes with the static CPU Manager Policy
 - Works on Pods in the *Guaranteed* QoS class
- Enabling Topology manager
 - Run Kubelet with:
--feature-gates="TopologyManager=true"
 - And *--topology-manager-policy=restricted*
OR *single-numa-node*



➤ Requesting Huge Page memory

- Nodes must pre-allocate huge pages
- A node may only pre-allocate a single size
- Add huge pages as Volumes in containers

Guaranteed Pod:

```
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx
    resources:
      limits:
        hugepages-2Mi: 2G
      requests:
        hugepages-2Mi: 2G
    volumeMounts:
      - mountPath: /hugepages
  volumes:
  - name: hugepage
    emptyDir:
      medium: HugePages
```

SR-IOV networking in K8s



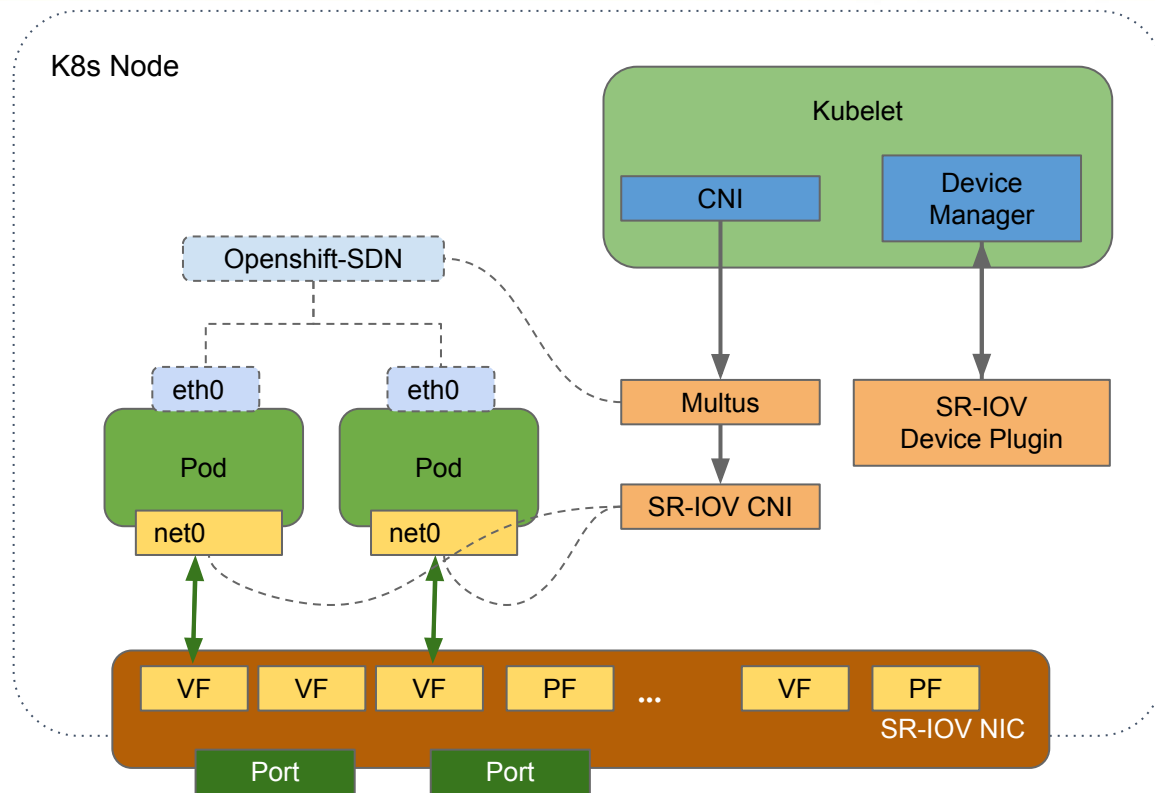
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- SR-IOV device plugin
 - Discovery & advertising of SR-IOV network resources
- SR-IOV CNI
 - Configure pod interface
- Multus
 - Adds SR-IOV VF as an additional Pod interface
 - Retrieves Pod device info



SR-IOV networking in K8s



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Kube-apiserver

ConfigMap:

```
{
  "resourceList": [
    {
      "resourceName": "nic1",
      "selectors": {
        "vendors": ["8086"],
        "drivers": ["vfio-pci"],
        "pfNames": ["enps803f0"]
      }
    },
    {
      "resourceName": "nic2",
      "selectors": {
        "vendors": ["8086"],
        "drivers": ["vfio-pci"],
        "pfNames": ["enps803f1"]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

K8s Node

Kubelet

Device Manager

SR-IOV Device Plugin

<< discover devices >>

VF

VF

VF

PF

...

VF

PF

SR-IOV NIC

Port

Port



SR-IOV networking in K8s



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Kube-apiserver

K8s Node

<< update node status >>

Kubelet

Device Manager

<< register devices >>

SR-IOV Device Plugin

VF

VF

VF

PF

...

VF

PF

SR-IOV NIC

Port

Port

Node status:

```
Name: k8s-node1.ir.intel.com
Capacity:
  cpu: 8
  ephemeral-storage: 184447308Ki
  hugepages-1Gi: 0
  hugepages-2Mi: 8Gi
  intel.com/nic1: 4
  intel.com/nic2: 4
  memory: 16371628Ki
  pods: 110
Allocatable:
  cpu: 8
  ephemeral-storage: 169986638772
  hugepages-1Gi: 0
  hugepages-2Mi: 8Gi
  intel.com/nic1: 4
  intel.com/nic2: 4
  memory: 7880620Ki
  pods: 110
```



SR-IOV networking in K8s



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Node status

```
Name: k8s-node1.ir.intel.com
Capacity:
  cpu: 8
  ephemeral-storage: 184447308Ki
  hugepages-1Gi: 0
  hugepages-2Mi: 8Gi
  intel.com/nic1: 4
  intel.com/nic2: 4
  memory: 16371628Ki
  pods: 1k
Allocatable:
  cpu: 8
  ephemeral-storage: 169986638772
  hugepages-1Gi: 0
  hugepages-2Mi: 8Gi
  intel.com/nic1: 4
  intel.com/nic2: 4
  memory: 7880620Ki
  pods: 110
```

Net-attach CRD

```
apiVersion: "k8s.cni.cncf.io/v1"
kind: NetworkAttachmentDefinition
metadata:
  name: sriov-net
  annotations:
    k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/resourceName:
      intel.com/nic1
spec:
  config: '{
    "type": "sriov",
    "name": "sriov-network"'
  }'
```

Pod Specs

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: testpod
  annotations:
    k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/networks:
      openshift-sdn,-sriov-net
spec:
  containers:
  - name: appcntr1
    resources:
      requests:
        intel.com/nic1: 1
      limits:
        intel.com/nic1: 1
```



SR-IOV Network Operator



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Simplifying SR-IOV networking in K8s with **SR-IOV network operator**



SR-IOV Network Operator



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- SR-IOV Network Operator is a tool to hide the complexity of the adopting SR-IOV in K8S. It automates
 - Life-cycle management of SR-IOV software components (SR-IOV CNI plugin, SR-IOV network device plugin, network resource injector ...)
 - The configuration management of the SR-IOV software components.
 - The SR-IOV network device configuration
 - Hardware discovery
 - Device configuration
 - Kernel driver management
 - **NetworkAttachmentDefinition** CR generation
- Built for Openshift, can also work with vanilla K8S



SR-IOV Network Operator



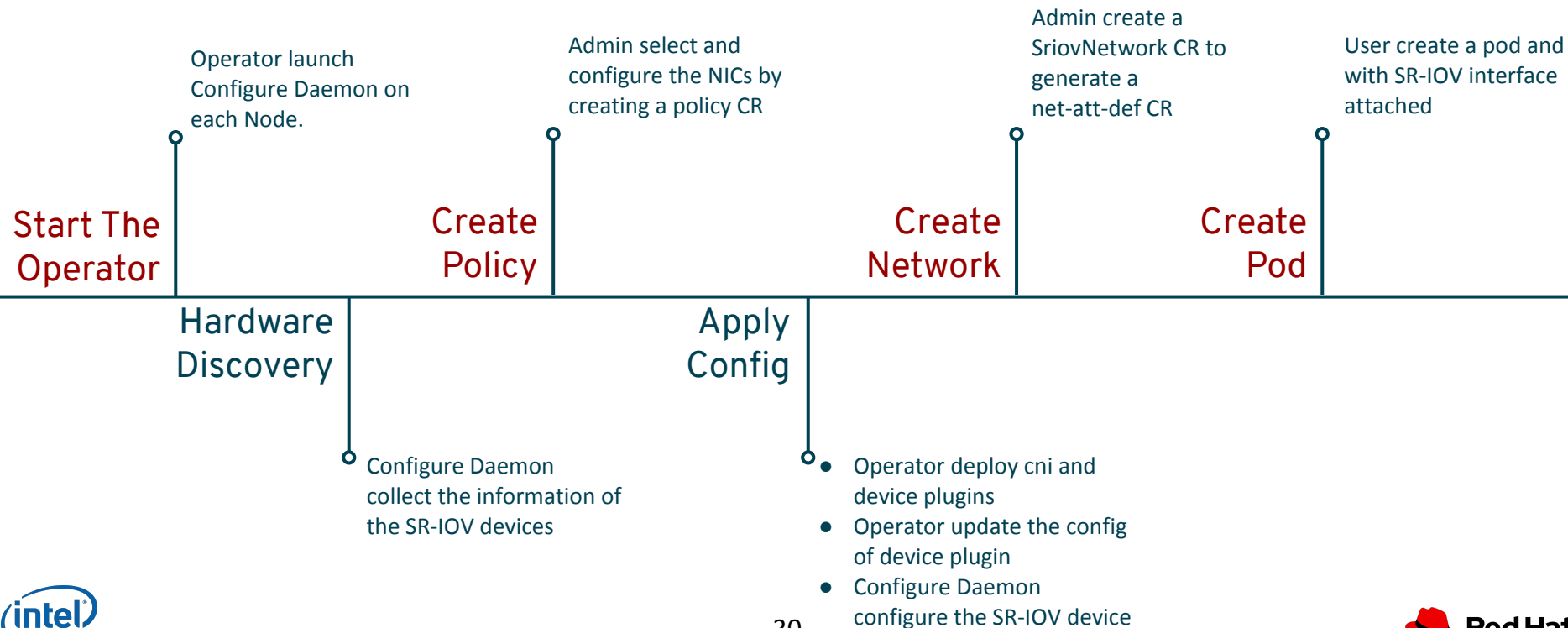
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Operator Workflow



SR-IOV Network Operator



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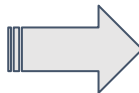


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SriovNetwork

```
apiVersion:
sriovnetwork.openshift.io/v1
kind: SriovNetwork
metadata:
  name: sriov-net
  namespace: sriov-network-operator
spec:
  networkNamespace: default
  ipam: |
    {
      "type": "host-local",
      "subnet": "10.56.217.0/24",
      "rangeStart": "10.56.217.171",
      "rangeEnd": "10.56.217.181",
    }
  resourceName: nic1
```



Net-attach CRD

```
apiVersion: "k8s.cni.cncf.io/v1"
kind: NetworkAttachmentDefinition
metadata:
  name: sriov-net
  namespace: default
  annotations:
    k8s.v1.cni.cncf.io/resourceName:
intel.com/nic1
spec:
  config: '{
    "type": "sriov",
    "name": "sriov-network",
    "ipam": {
      "type": "host-local",
      "subnet": "10.56.217.0/24",
      "rangeStart": "10.56.217.171",
      "rangeEnd": "10.56.217.181",
    }
  }'
```



SR-IOV Network Operator



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SriovNetworkNodePolicy

```
apiVersion: sriovnetwork.openshift.io/v1
kind: SriovNetworkNodePolicy
metadata:
  name: policy-1
  namespace: sriov-network-operator
spec:
  deviceType: vfio-pci
  numVfs: 4
  mtu: 1500
  Priority: 90
  resourceName: nic1
  nicSelector:
    rootDevices:
      - 0000:86:00.1
    vendor: "8086"
    pfName: "enps803f0"
  nodeSelector:
    feature.node.kubernetes.io/network-sriov.capable: "true"
```

Config options for selected VFs:

- Number of VFs
- MTU
- Kernel driver, either 'netdevice' or 'vfio-pci'

Select NICs which need to be configured, and generate SRIOV device plugin config

```
{
  "resourceList": [
    {
      "resourceName": "nic1",
      "selectors": {
        "vendors": ["8086"],
        "drivers": ["vfio-pci"],
        "pfNames": ["enps803f0"]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

Select Nodes to be configured



SR-IOV Network Operator



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SriovNetworkNodeState

```
apiVersion: sriovnetwork.openshift.io/v1
kind: SriovNetworkNodeState
metadata:
  name: worker-node-1
  namespace: sriov-network-operator
spec:
  interfaces:
  - deviceType: vfio-pci
    mtu: 1500
    numVfs: 4
    pciAddress: 0000:86:00.0
status:
  interfaces:
  - deviceID: "1583"
    driver: i40e
    mtu: 1500
    numVfs: 4
    pciAddress: 0000:86:00.0
    maxVfs: 64
    vendor: "8086"
    Vfs:
    - deviceID: 154c
      driver: vfio-pci
      pciAddress: 0000:86:02.0
      vendor: "8086"
  ...
```

Maintained and updated by the operator, one instance for each worker node

The desired status of the interfaces

The current status of all the interfaces





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Demo

- Video: <https://youtu.be/scp2WV5M3TI>
- Sample manifests: <https://github.com/pliurh/Kubecon2019-DEMO>



What needs attention



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➤ Isolated CPU support

- Kubelet unable to manage isolated CPU cores
- Multiple OOT solution exist
- None of these are well integrated with native CPU manager

➤ Topology aware scheduling

- K8s default scheduler unaware of resource Topology information
- May results in Pod scheduled in non-viable nodes

Summary

- A lot works has been done in the community to support Telco and 5G use-cases in Kubernetes
- Kubernetes is “**5G Ready**”
- Some areas still need attention and wider community collaboration

Thank you!
Q & A

References



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- <http://core.dpdk.org/perf-reports/>
- <https://github.com/intel/multus-cni>
- <https://github.com/intel/network-resources-injector>
- <https://github.com/intel/sriov-cni/>
- <https://github.com/intel/sriov-network-device-plugin>
- <https://github.com/openshift/app-netutil>
- <https://github.com/openshift/sriov-network-operator>
- <https://github.com/pktgen/Pktgen-DPDK>
- <https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/configuration/manage-compute-resources-container/>
- <https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/administer-cluster/cpu-management-policies/>
- <https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/administer-cluster/topology-manager/>
- <https://kubernetes.io/docs/tasks/manage-hugepages/scheduling-hugepages/>
- <https://www.dpdk.org/>
- <https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/products/servers/server-chassis-systems/server-board-s2-600wf-systems.html>

Additional Resources

Please visit Intel® Network Builders site for Bare-metal Containers
Experience Kits



<https://networkbuilders.intel.com/network-technologies/container-experience-kits>