

From Brownfield to Greenfield: Freddie Mac's Service Mesh Journey







🔰 @rshriram

Unprincipled Engineer





About Freddie Mac

- Chartered by Congress in 1970 to provide liquidity, stability and affordability to the U.S. housing finance market
- One of the two government sponsored enterprises participating in the secondary mortgage market
- \$2 Trillion in assets



What this talk is NOT about $\ensuremath{\textcircled{\odot}}$

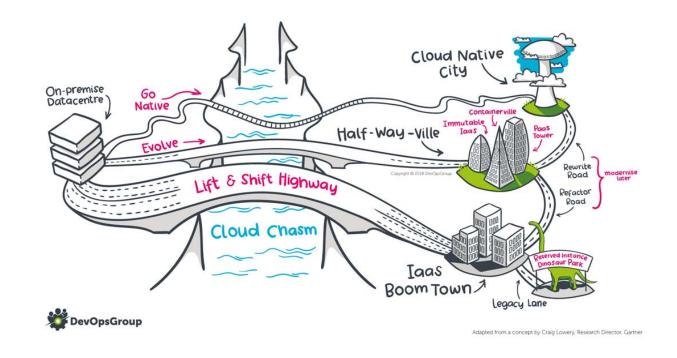
- Mortgage rates
- Subprime mortgage crisis



Major IT Initiatives

Application Modernization

- Monolith to Microservice
- DevOps and CI/CD for cloud native applications
- **Cloud Transformation**
- Lift and Shift to VMware cloud on AWS
- Cloud Native Infrastructure on Managed Kubernetes





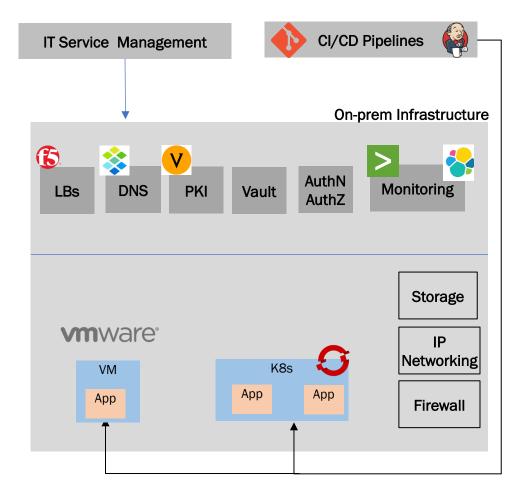
Infrastructure Footprint

- 600+ Applications
- VMware VMs
- Kubernetes
 - Multiple vendors
- Hardware load balancers
- API Management platforms
- Large SQL/NoSQL databases
- ESBs
- Java EE App Servers
- Cloud Services



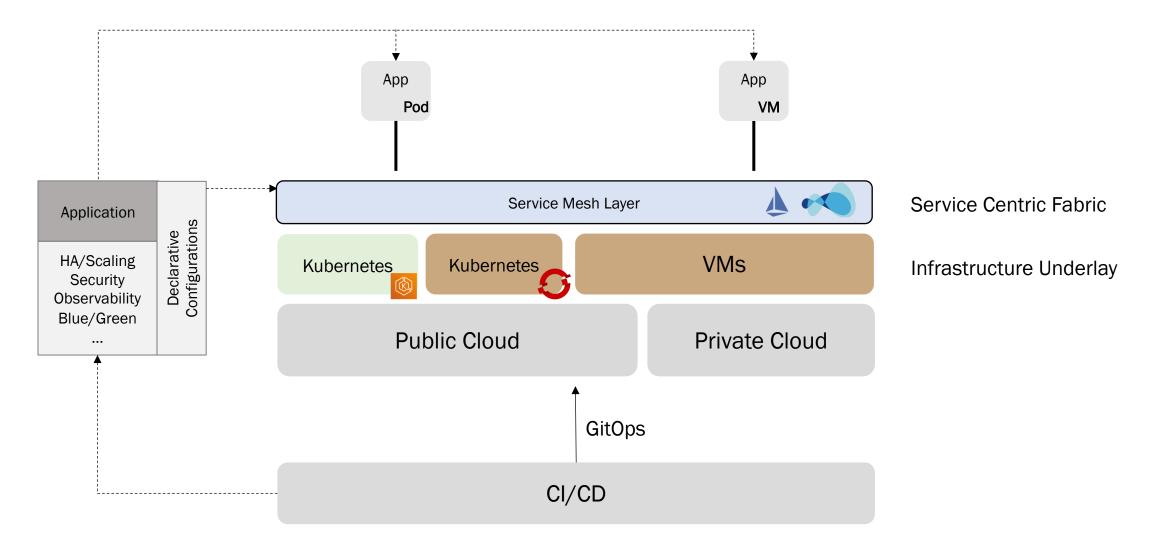
From Legacy Infrastructure

- Application teams have many touch points for infrastructure and platforms
- Consumption of infrastructure and platform services requires manual ticket requests, posing challenges to CI/CD pipelines
- Tight coupling between Development and Operation
- Hybrid cloud challenges





To Software Defined Infrastructure





To Software Defined Infrastructure...

- The mesh abstracts common application support features into the service platform for both brownfield and greenfield applications
 - PKI management
 - Observability
 - Security in transit
 - HA/Autoscaling
 - Canary deployment
 - Chaos engineering
 - Corse grained authentication & authorization



CI/CD and GitOps

- Configurations as code
- Central, declarative policies for better compliance audit and governance
- Decouple Development from Operations
- Faster release cycles

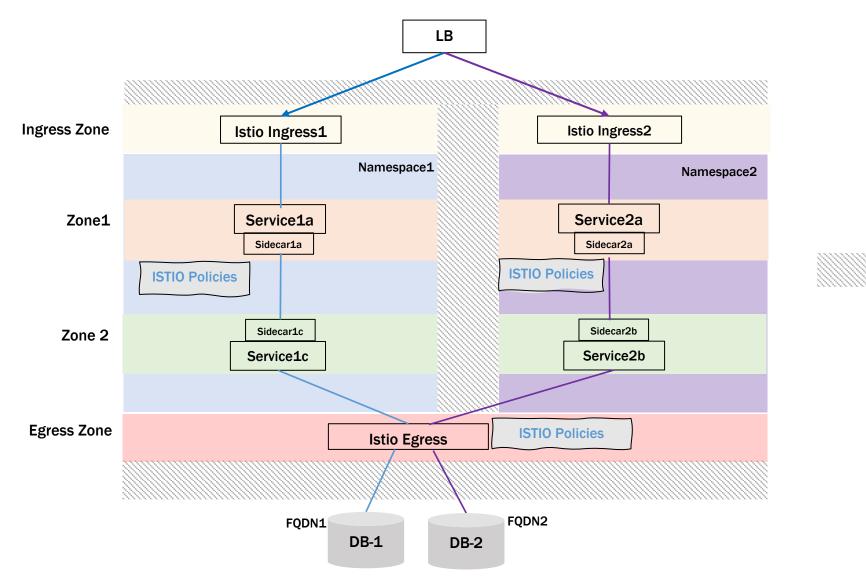


Security Use Cases

- Challenges
 - Modern applications are dynamic and distributed
 - Insider threats
 - Traditional L3/L4 and perimeter FW models not in microservice data path
- Istio is critical component of our next gen FW design
 - Zero trust and micro-segmentation
 - Distributed and closer to applications
 - Identity based
 - DNS-aware policy
 - Mutual TLS
 - Cert/Key rotation
 - Security as Code
 - Centralized policy management and compliance audit



Micro Segmentation w/ Kubernetes & Istio



K8S Network Policies



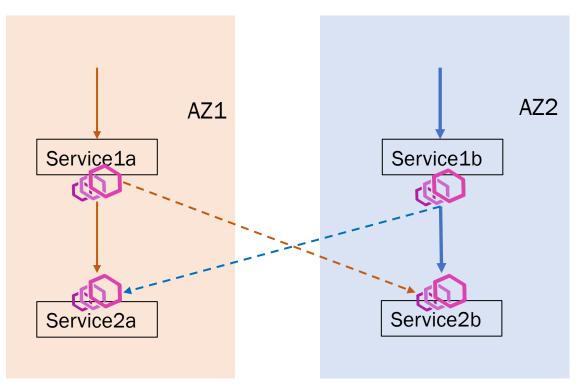
Availability Use Cases

- Handling failures
 - Locality-aware load balancing in a multi AZ Kubernetes cluster
- Distributed Load Balancer
 - Migrate from central hardware load balancer to multiple Cloud LBs
 - Move central traffic/route rules to Istio Ingress GW/Sidecar
- Handling load
 - Autoscaling based on app metrics
- Zero-downtime updates
 - App updates using version-aware routing
 - Seamless certificate refresh at ingress gateway and sidecars



Availability: Locality-Aware Load Balancing

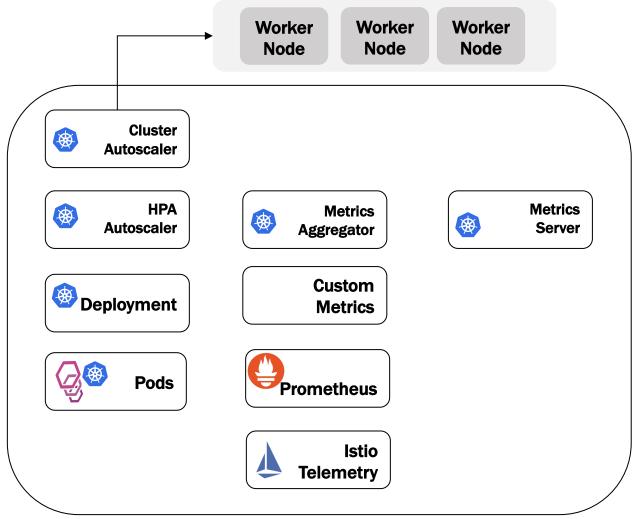
- Locality load balancing for performance and cost optimization
- Kubernetes doesn't provide localitybased load balancing
- Istio's locality-prioritized and fail-over LB feature offer additional HA design options





Availability: Autoscaling

- Scaling on CPU and memory doesn't have direct relationship to SLA
- Istio offers additional metrics to auto scale, i.e., request volume, response time and status codes





Brownfield Integration - Goals

- Mesh first, containerize next!
- Traffic flows:
 - VM \rightarrow Kubernetes Ingress
 - Kubernetes pods \rightarrow VM
 - LB \rightarrow VM or Kubernetes service
 - $\bullet \ \mathsf{VM} \to \mathsf{VM}$
- Uniform security
 - Mutual TLS, AuthN & AuthZ policies applied uniformly
- Uniform telemetry

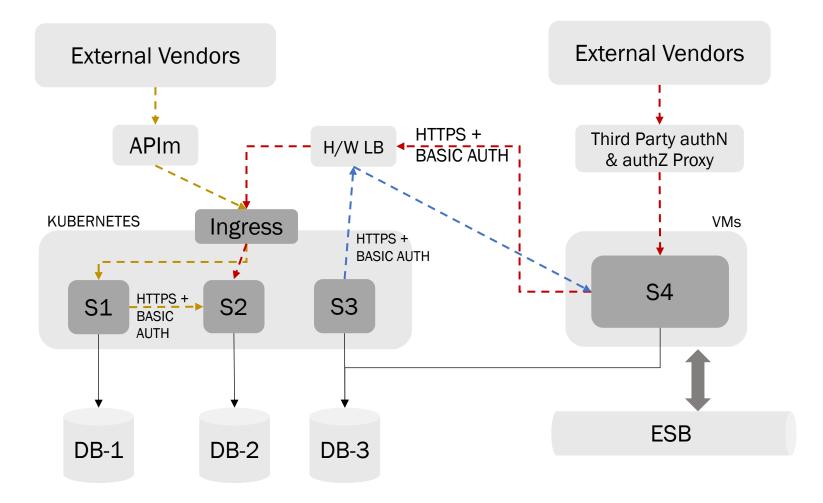


Brownfield Integration - Challenges

- Traffic flow:
 - Asymmetric network connectivity between VMs and Kubernetes
- Security
 - Allow for migration from app-centric certs to workload-centric certs
 - Allow for mesh and non-mesh traffic to VMs
 - Allow for integration with in-house CA / Trust Store
- Traffic interception
 - IP tables not feasible due to Java middleware issues
- Service & endpoint registration
 - Scattered across h/w load balancers and VMware management services

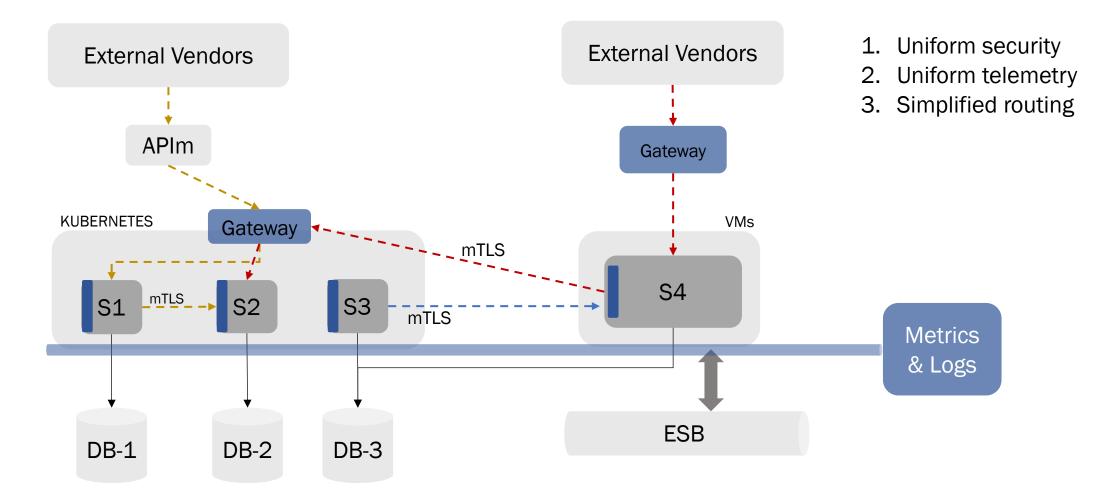


Example Use Case



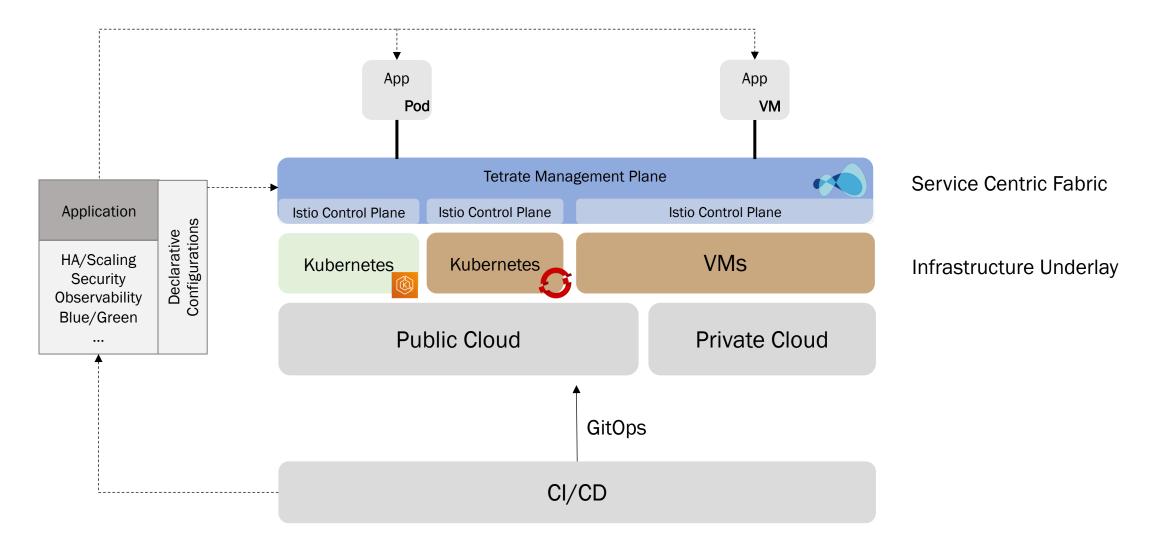


Example Use Case w/ Mesh





Software Defined Infrastructure





- Incremental adoption
 - Don't boil the ocean by getting rid of all legacy tech.
 - Let people get comfortable and opt into features over time
 - Focus on things that require minimal code change at start
 - E.g., starting with observability, then mutual TLS, followed by routing and policy enforcement
- Do not use org Root CA for the mesh
 - Intermediate CA issued per citadel needs to be stored in FIPS compliant hardware and not in memory
 - An HSM over the network creates SPOF



- Mesh first, containerize next
 - Use the mesh to migrate from brownfield to greenfield
 - You simply need to get the sidecar into the VM to get started
 - Enables seamless fallback to VMs during migration
 - Provides observability over all traffic in the system



- As the platform owner, focus on Developer Experience for best buy-in
 - Abstract Istio APIs from developers
 - Istio APIs are infrastructure APIs compositional in nature, providing building blocks for a variety of things
 - You don't want developers to learn yet another technology on top of Kubernetes increases friction
 - You don't want your developers routing/securing traffic in ways you don't understand
 - Plan for CI/CD integration with the mesh from the start
- If you own the platform initiative, figure out your daily support strategy
 - Your developers will come to you first before going to the Vendor
 - Harder than you think :)



- Trusted Partners & Community
 - Consult on architecture
 - Leverage expertise to build brownfield integrations