

# Five things you didn't know you could do with SPIFFE and SPIRE

Andrew Jessup and Andrés Vega

The SPIFFE logo icon consists of three horizontal bars, each with four small squares on the right side, resembling a stylized grid or data structure.

spiffe

The SPIRE logo icon is a stylized, abstract symbol that resembles a tree or a branching structure with a central vertical line and several horizontal lines extending outwards.

SPIRE

We're from Scytale. We work on SPIFFE and SPIRE.



Andrés

*@invariantly*



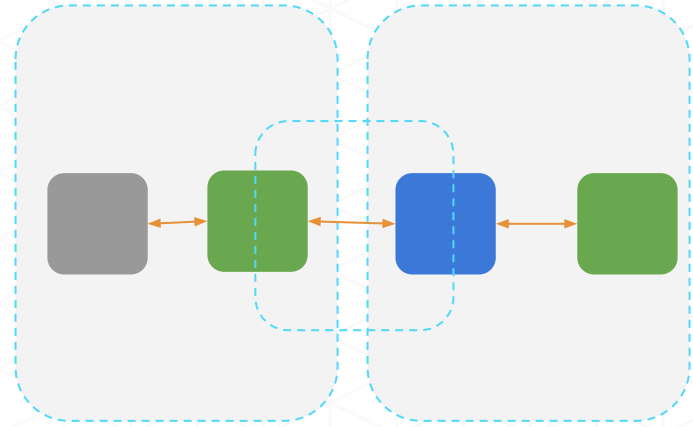
Andrew

*@whenfalse*

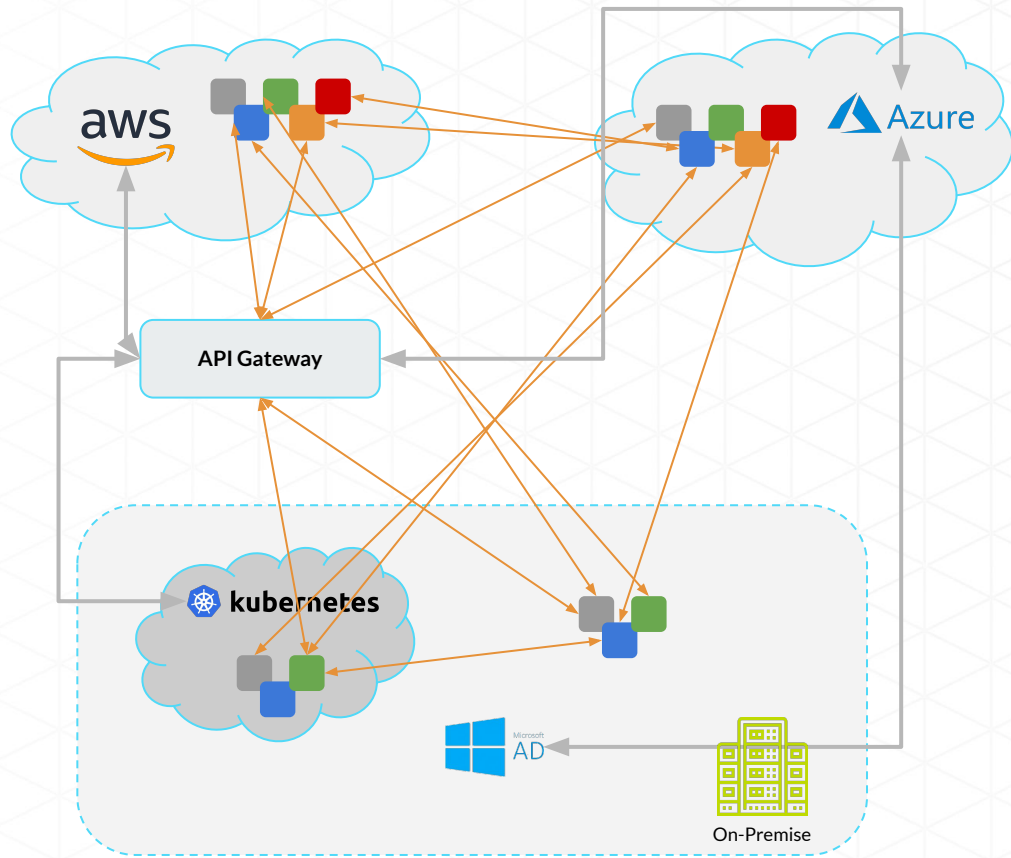
**Who are we?**



# Why **SPIFFE** now?



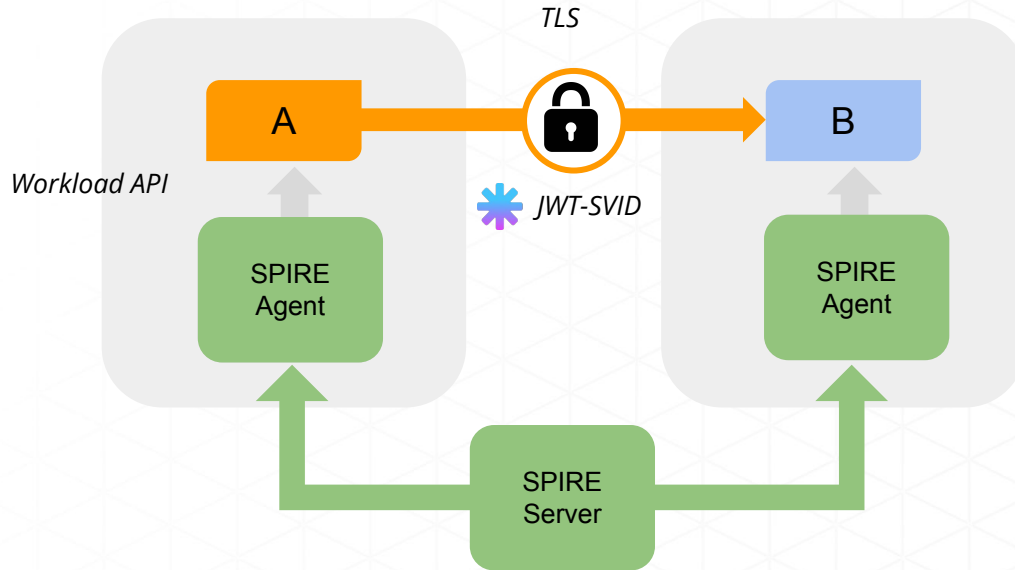
# Why **SPIFFE** now?



KubeCon NA 2017  
Austin, Texas

KubeCon NA 2018  
Seattle, Washington

KubeCon NA 2019  
San Diego, California



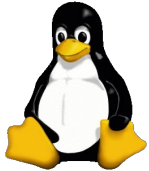
Define a standard ....and a toolchain



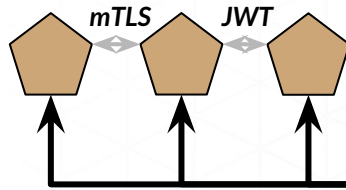
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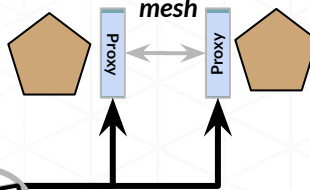
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San Diego, California



Secure authentication amongst services



Identity for service



SPIFFE Verifiable Identity Documents (SVIDs)



SPIFFE Workload API



Cloud platform  
attestation plug-ins

OS attestation  
plug-ins

Scheduler and PaaS  
attestation plug-ins

HSM, TPM, Kerberos  
attestation plug-ins

CA and secret store  
plug-ins

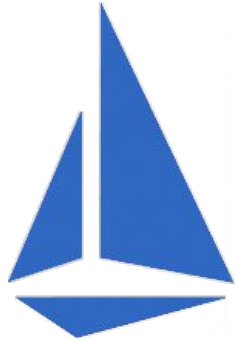
Solve for workload-to-workload communication



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Network  
Service Mesh

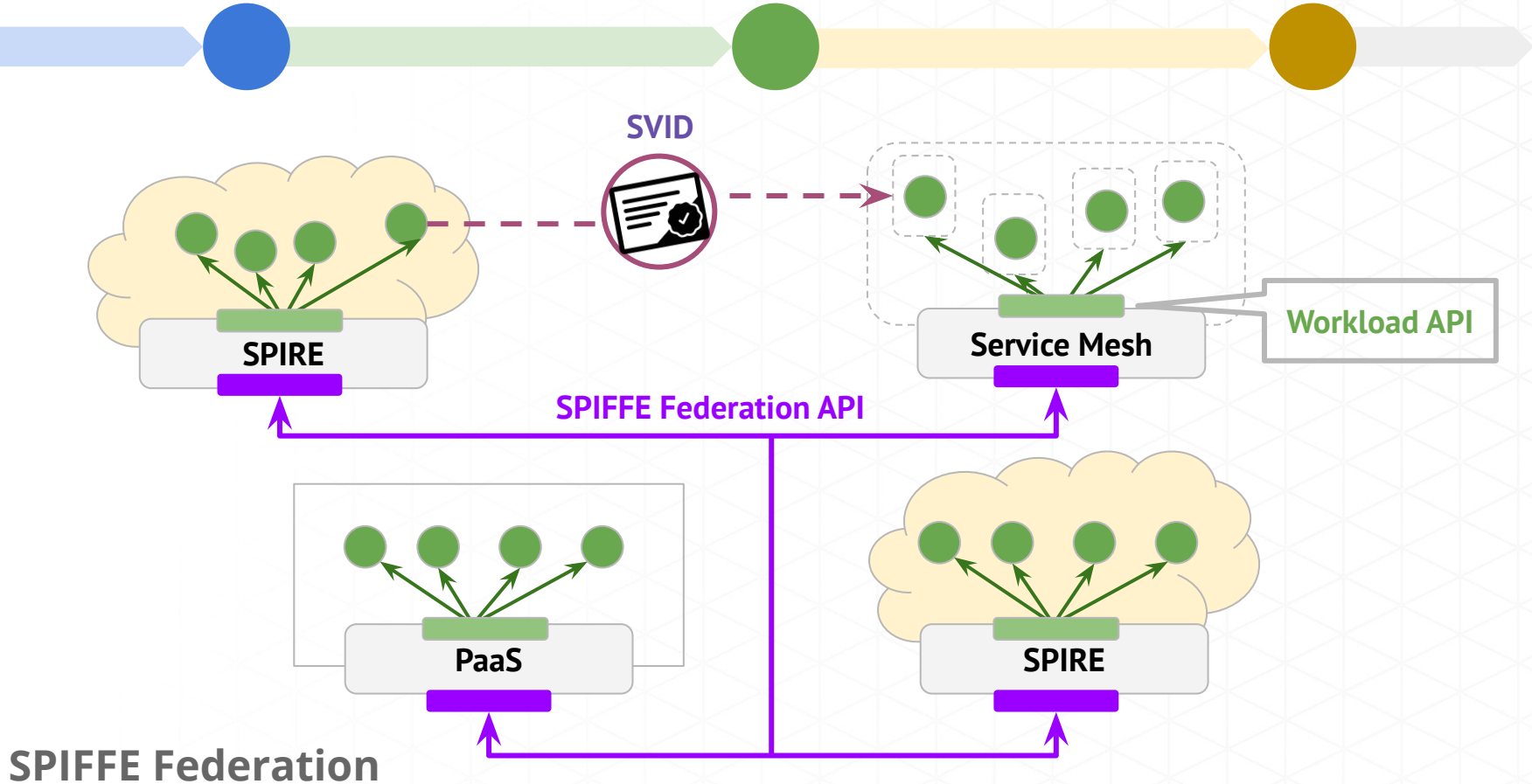
**SPIFFE** has become bigger than SPIRE



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SPIFFE Federation

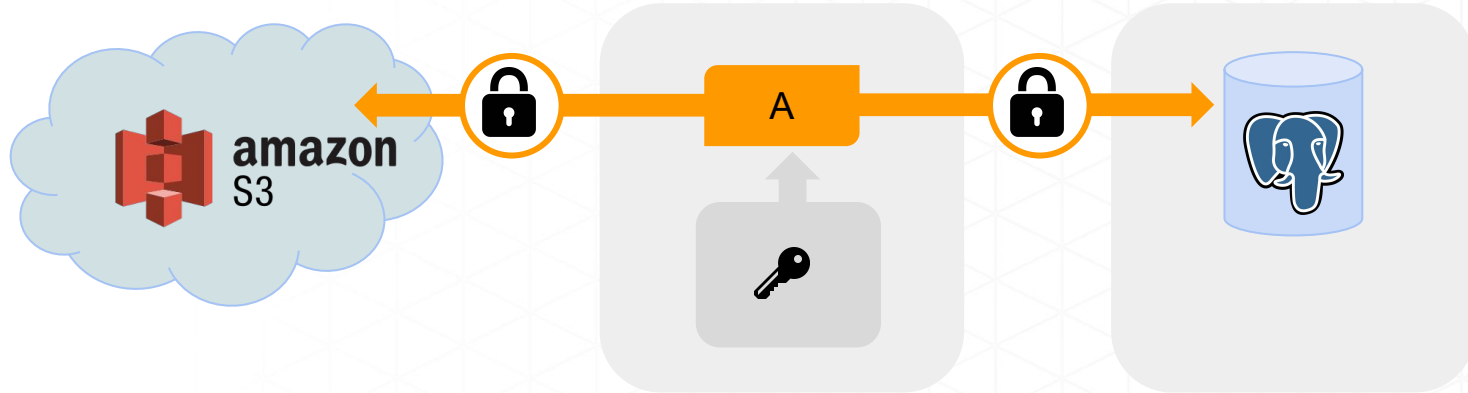




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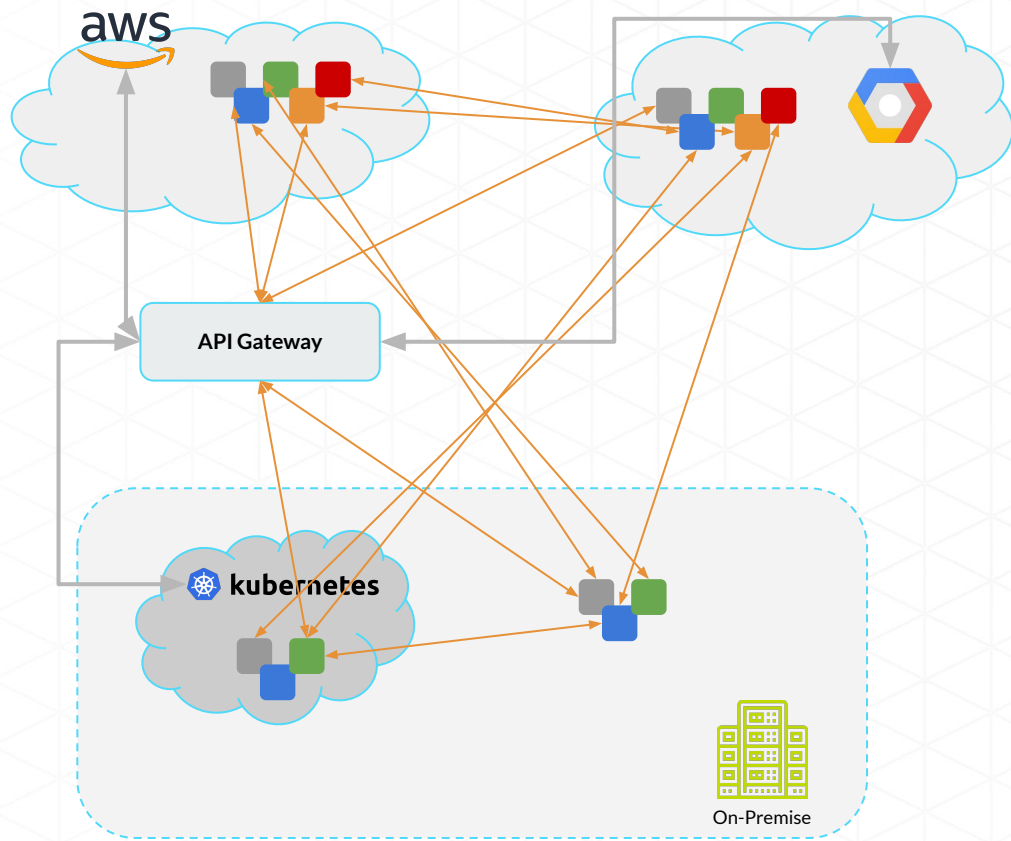
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Using SPIRE to connect to third party systems

Let's put  
**SPIFFE**  
to  
practice!

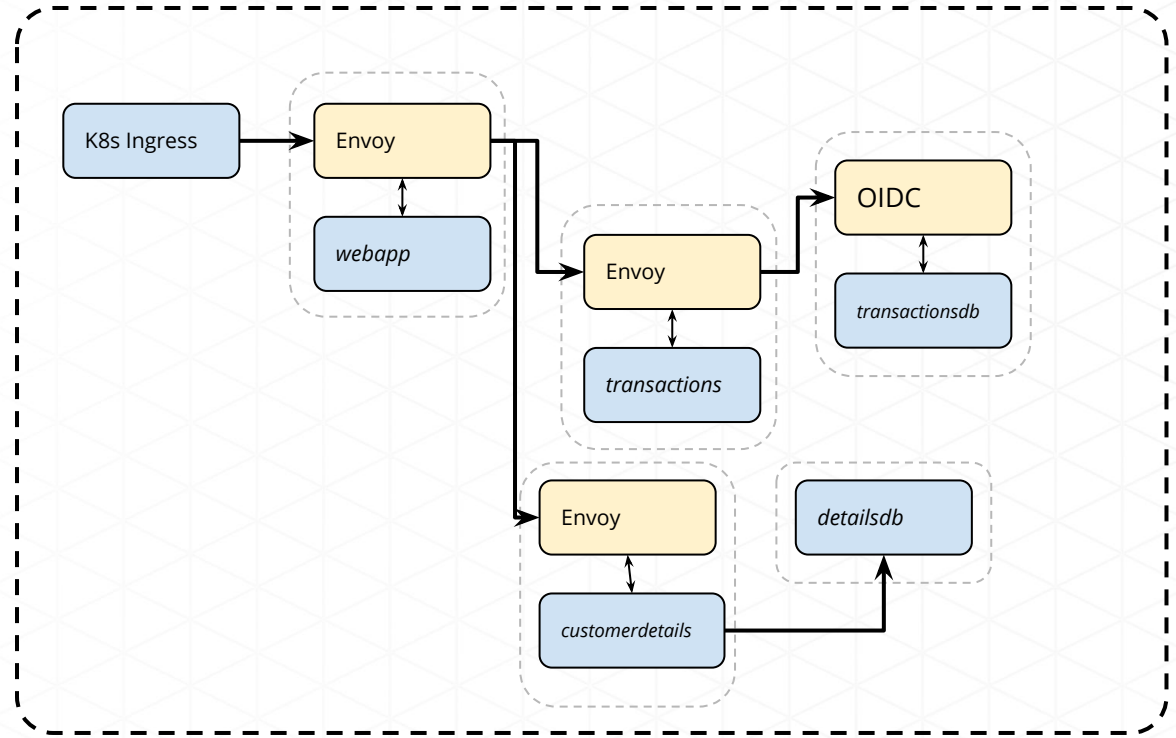


# Demo Application

Inter-service using  
SPIFFE/SPIRE  
(we are using Envoy to make  
this really easy)

Connecting to postgres (via  
X.509 authentication)

Connecting cross-cloud to  
AWS RDS (via OIDC)



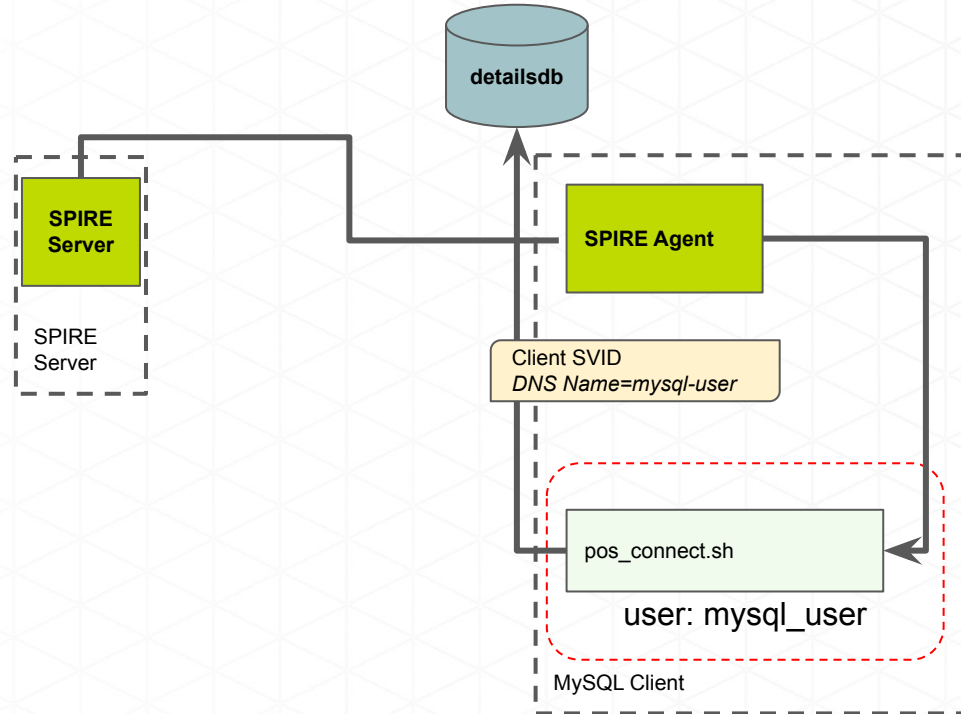
Cluster

Deployment



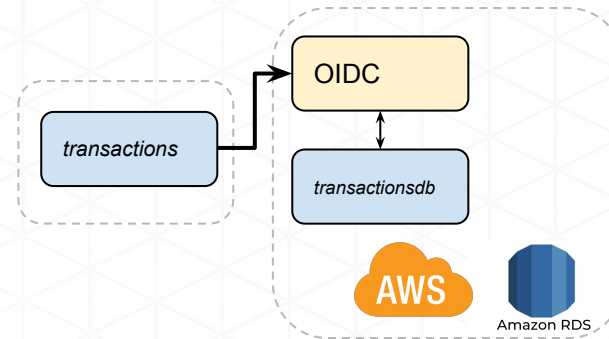
# X.509 Authentication to Postgres

MySQL authentication is configured to only accept a valid x509 certificate where the certificate's subject name matches the requirement for the MySQL account.



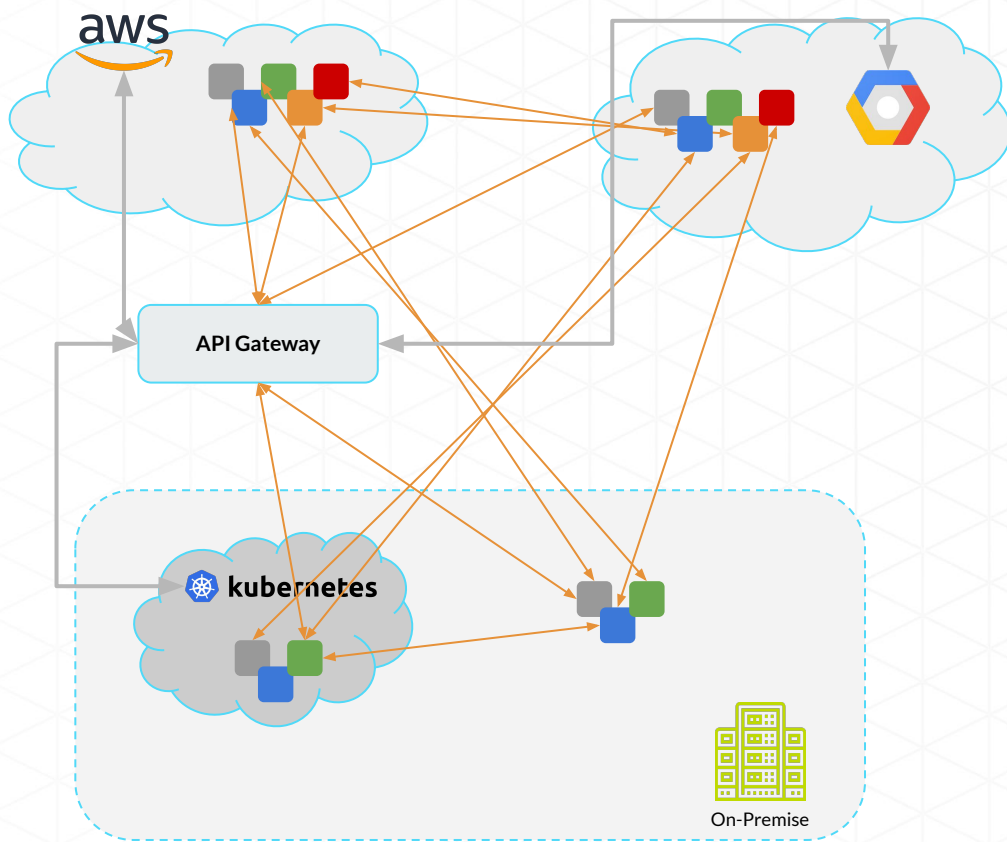
# AWS RDS via OIDC

1. SPIRE Server acquires PKI Cert from Let's Encrypt
2. AWS pulls the OpenID discovery document from Scytale Server
3. SPIRE Agent mints a JWT SVID. The AWS SDK sends it to the AWS IAM/STS Assume Role API.
4. The AWS OpenID provider interface fetches the JWKS file from the SPIRE Server.
5. The JWT SVID is verified with the JWKS key. AWS IAM confirms that the requested role is allowed, and mints an STS token for it.
6. The AWS SDK uses the S3 API with the STS token to access the S3 bucket with the assumed IAM role.



We've shown you how SPIFFE can connect you to:

- Workloads (ok, maybe you knew that one)
- Between Kubernetes and a VM
- To service providers that support X.509 authentication (there's plenty!)
- To a cloud provider via OIDC (AWS is supported today, Azure and GCP plan to ship this shortly)
- And we talked about connecting to other service mesh too.



# Where next?



**spiffe.io**



**spiffe.slack.com**



**github.com/spiffe/spire**

# @ Kubecon

**Wednesday 11.50am**

*Tyler Julian talking about how SPIRE scales at Uber*

**Thursday 2.25pm**

*Google Istio team talking about the SPIFFE Federation API*

**All week**

*SPIFFE Lightning talks @ the Scytale booth in the sponsor showcase from AWS, Uber, Strya (OPA), ByteDance, Joe Beda and more..*

