Education as a Service Containerization and Orchestration of CS50 IDE

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cs50.ly/kubecon





CS50 Teachers around the world $\,\pm\,$

+



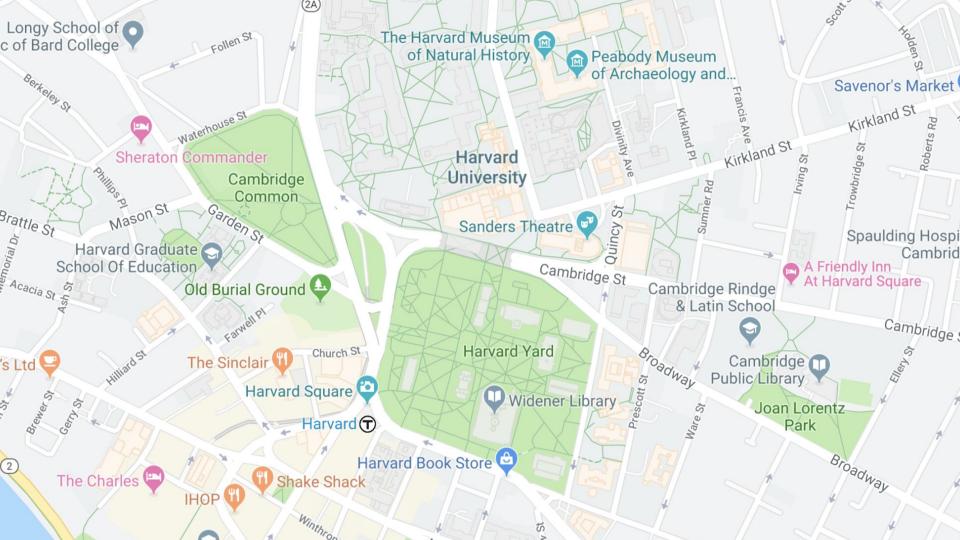


Scale

- 1,000 students on campus
- 1,000,000 registrants online

Scale

• 30,000 active per month



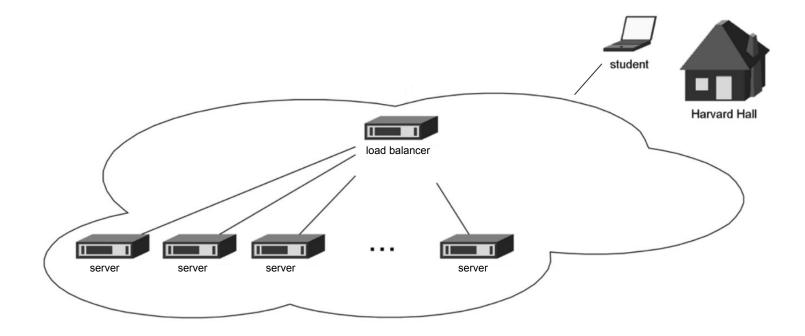
On-Campus Cluster 1989–2007



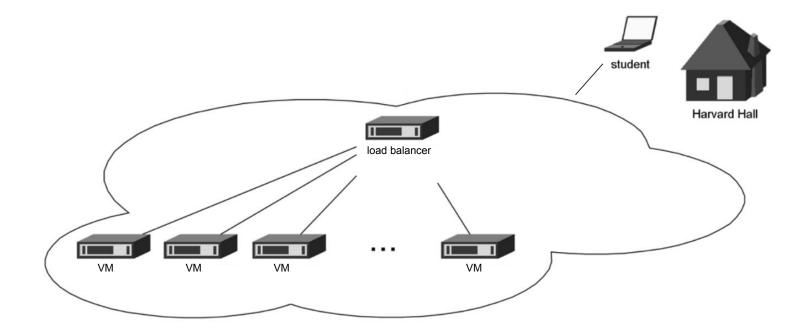
Harvard University Information Technology

Unauthorized Access is Prohibited

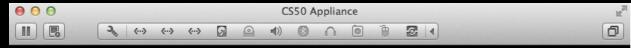
student@ice \$

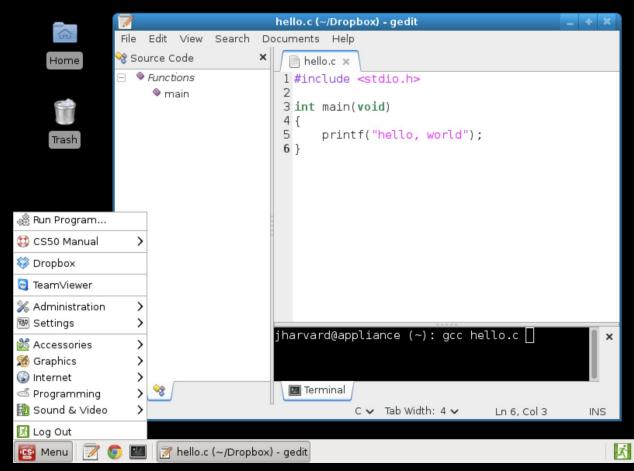


Off-Campus Cloud 2008–2010



Client-Side Appliance 2011–2014

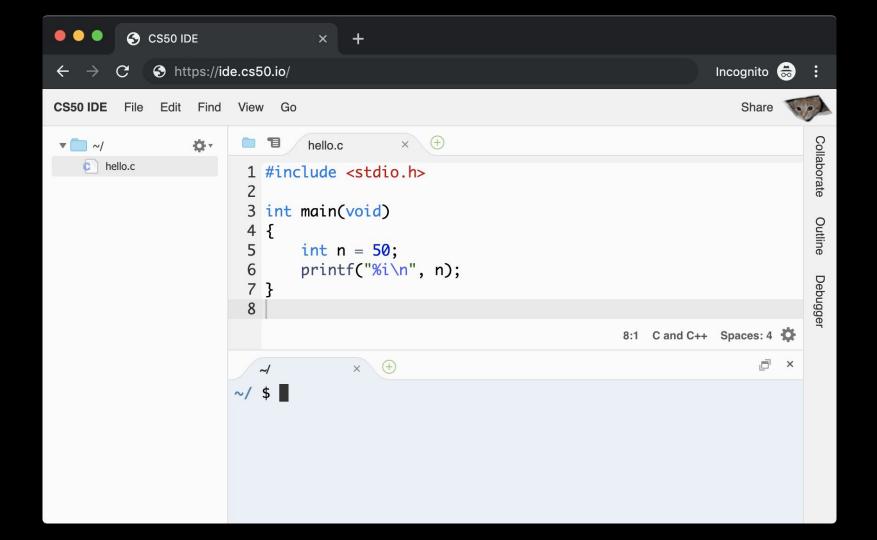


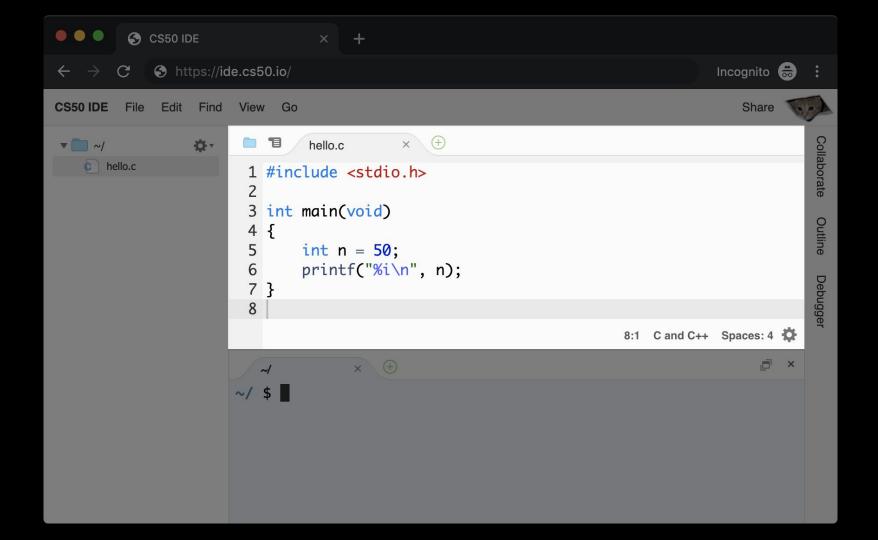


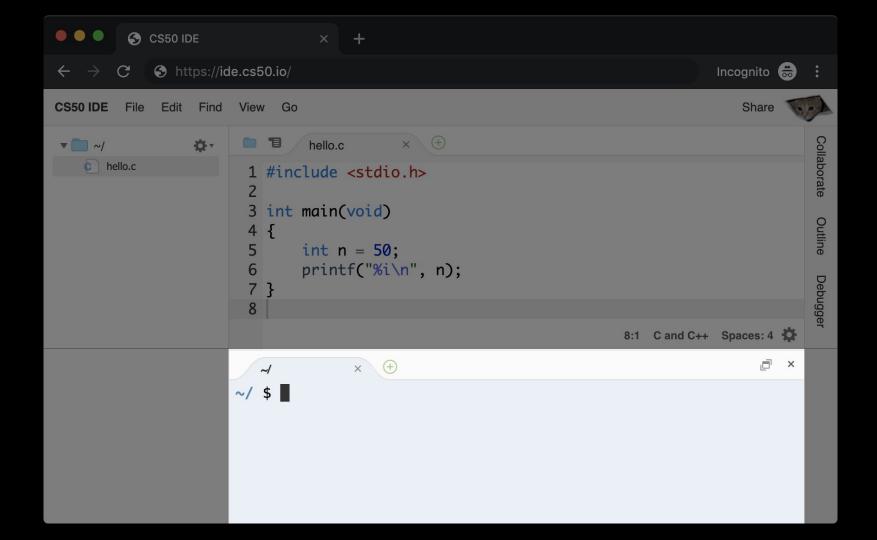
Cloud-Based IDE 2015-

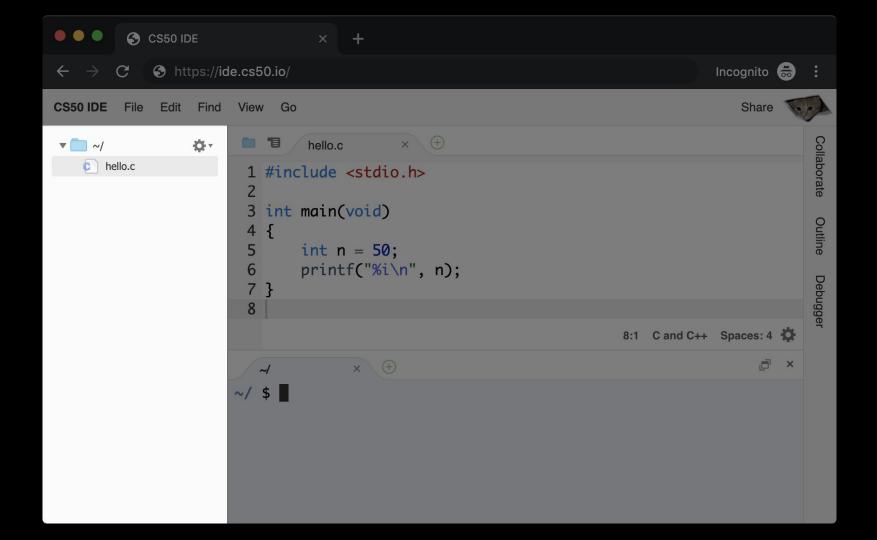
CS50 IDE

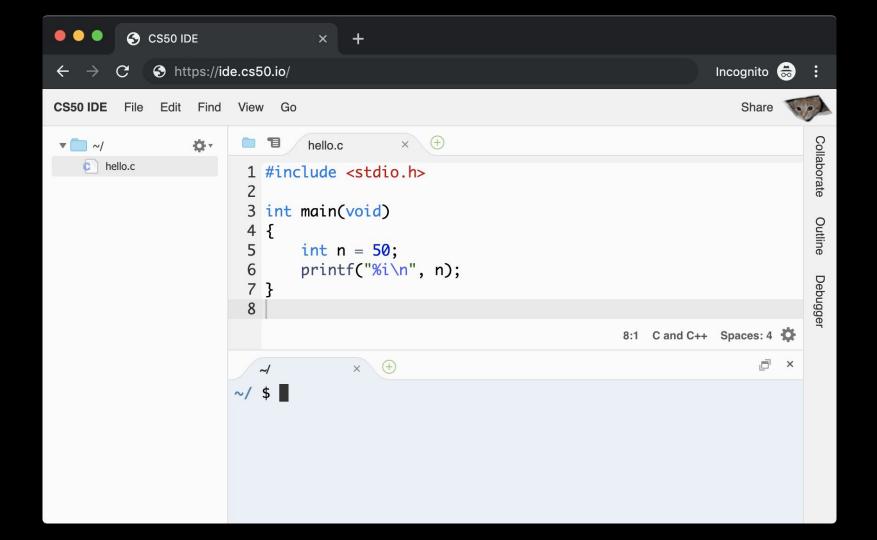
ide.cs50.io

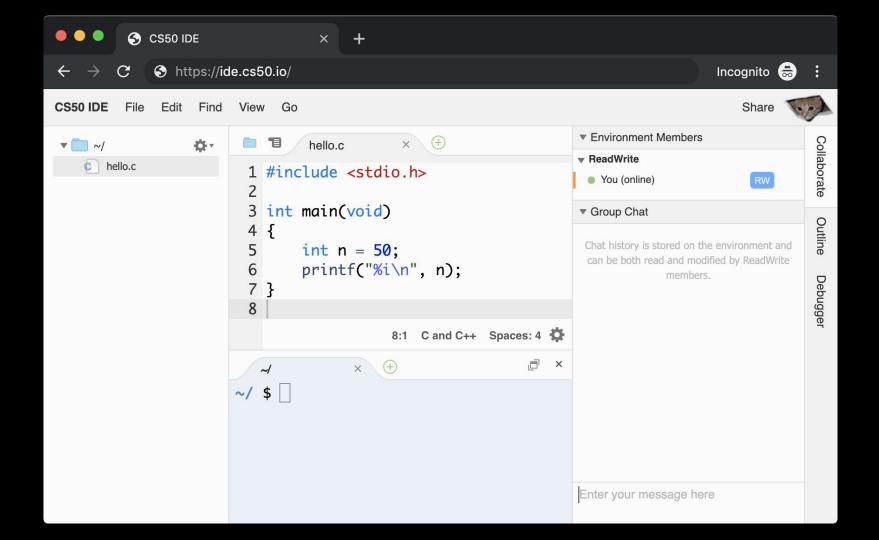


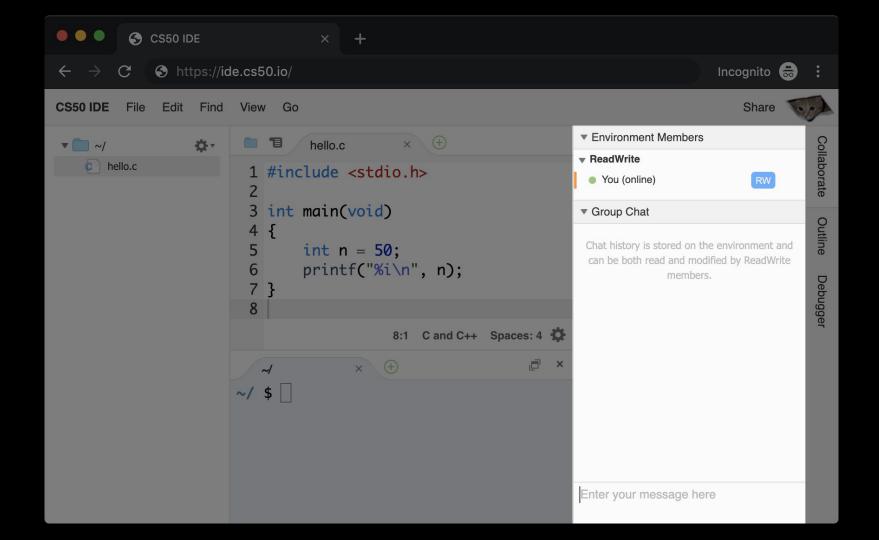


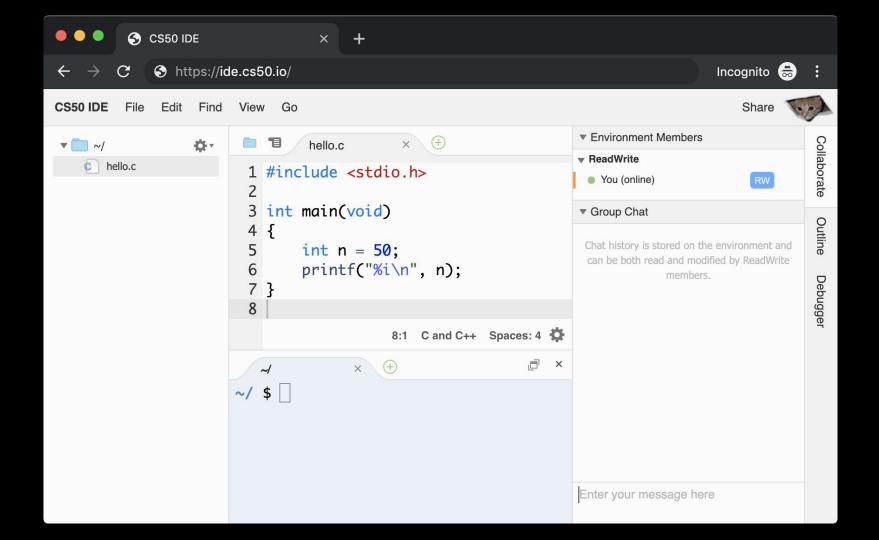


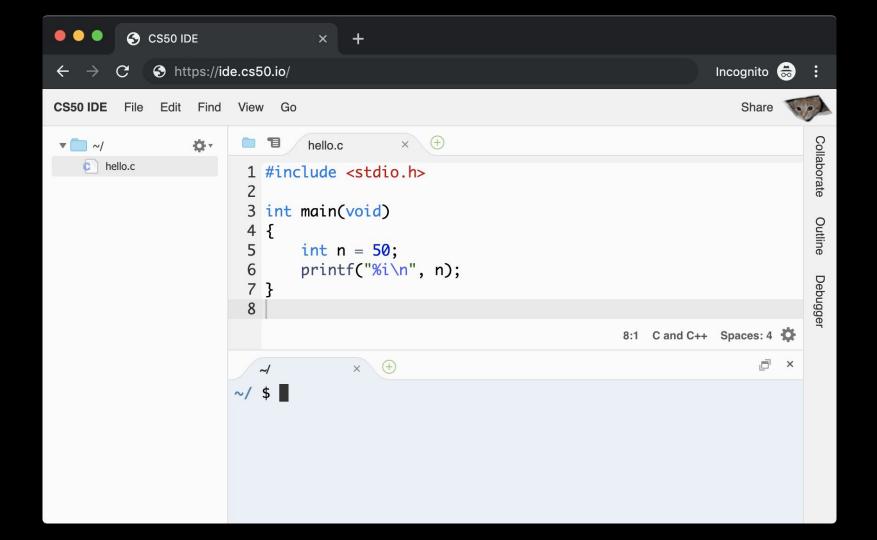


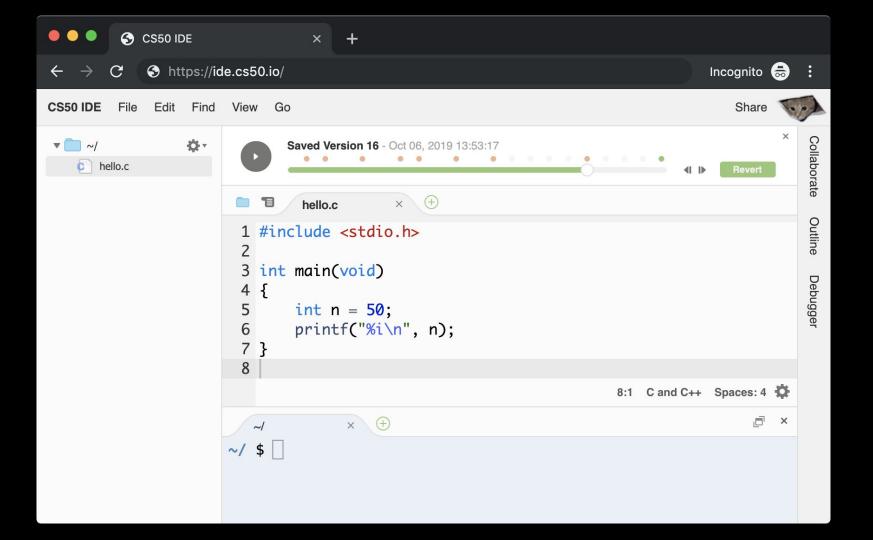


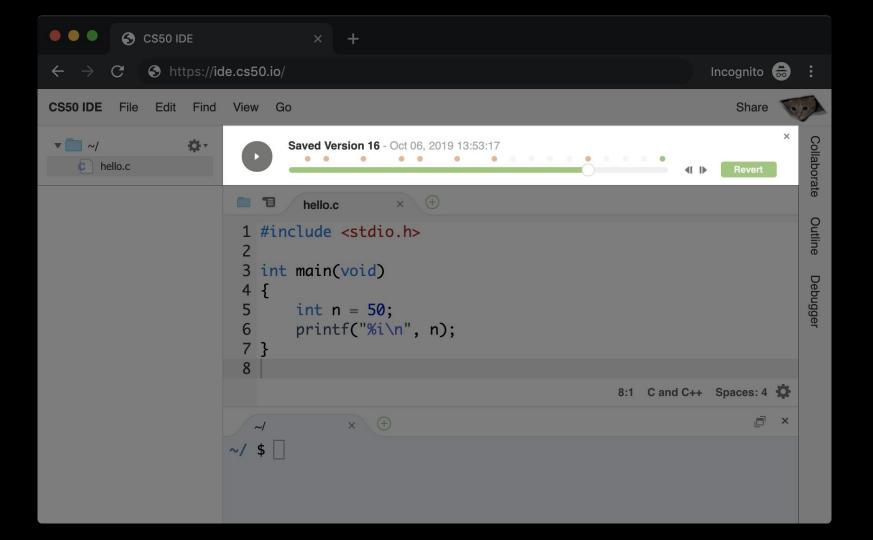


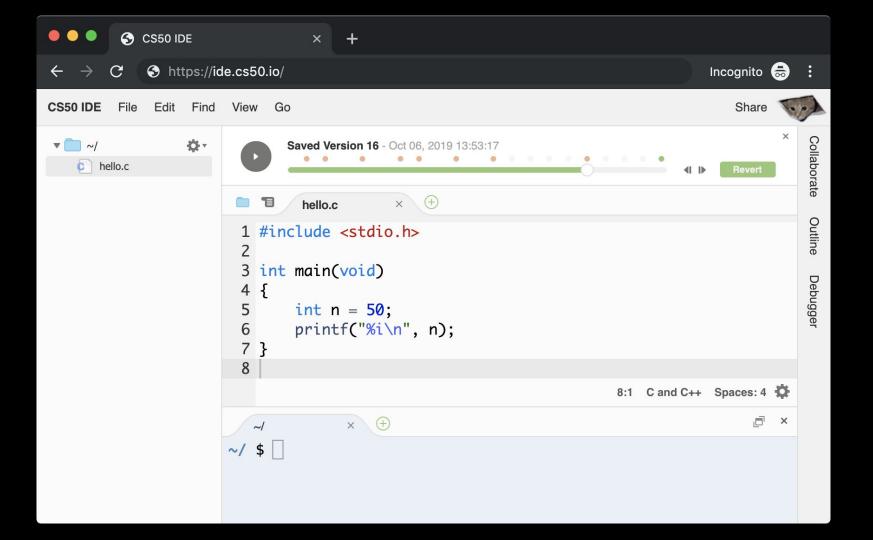


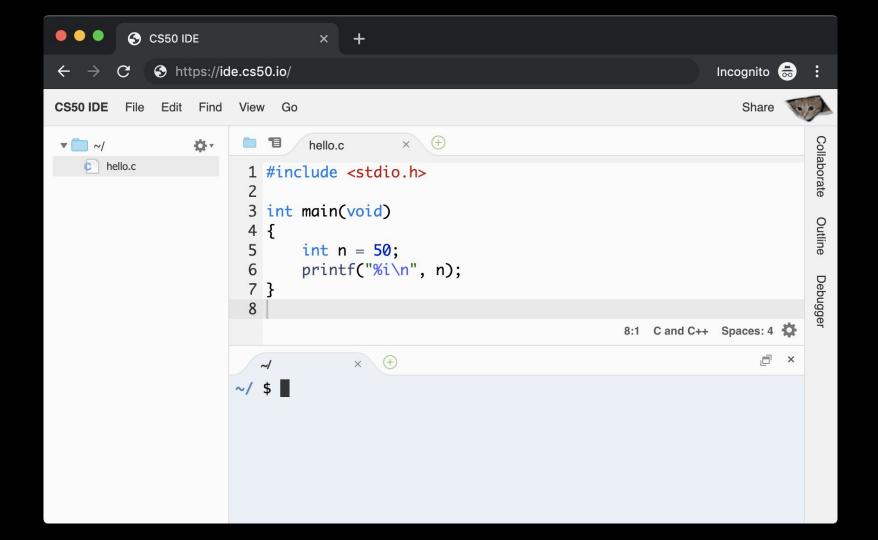


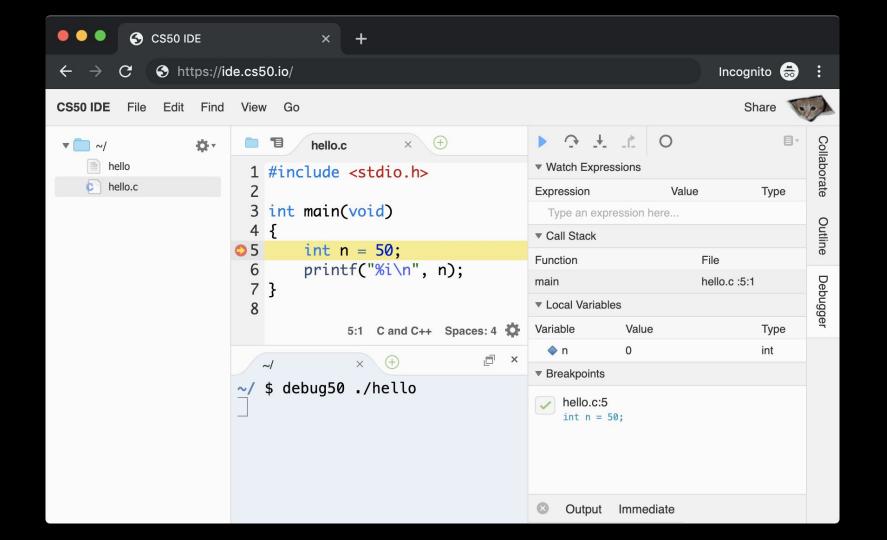


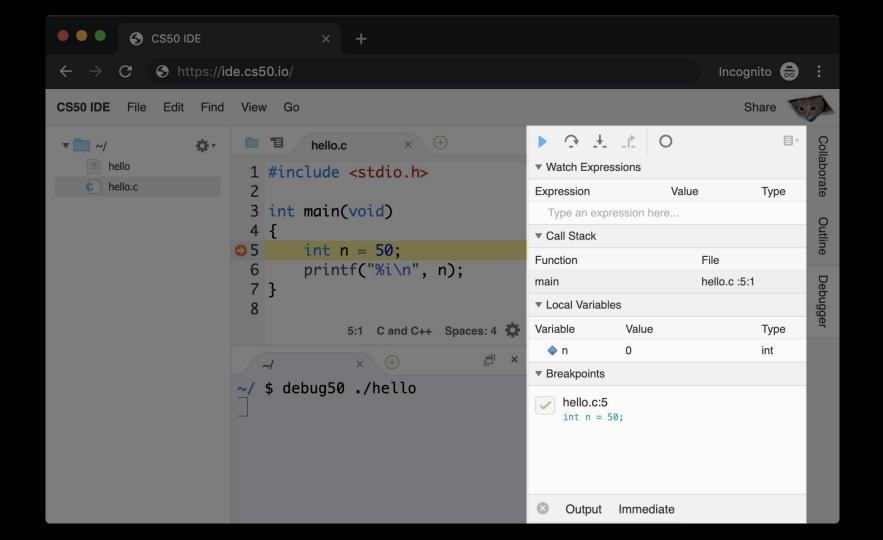






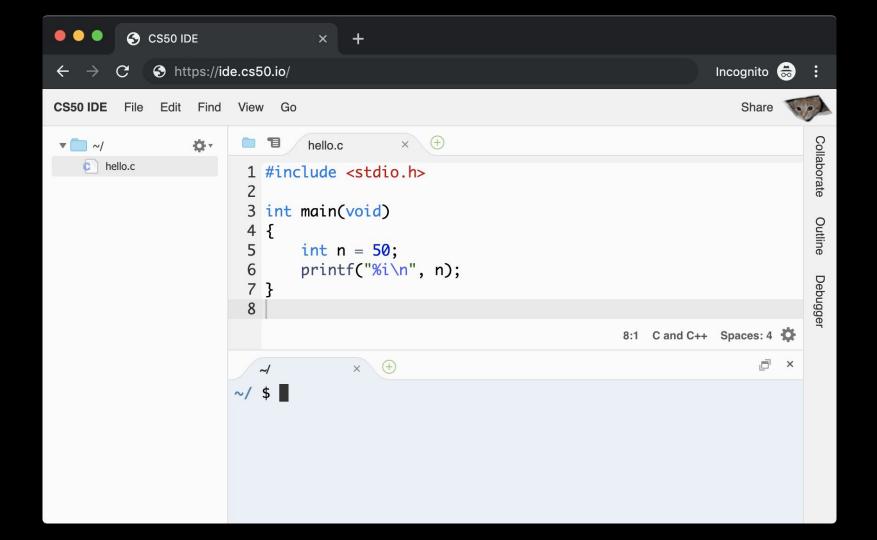






AWS Cloud9

aws.amazon.com/cloud9



Versions

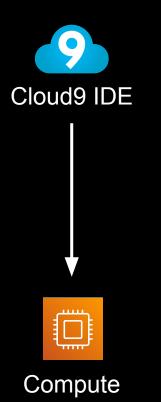
- 1. EC2 for Compute, EBS for Storage
- 2. S3 for Storage
- 3. Kubernetes for Orchestration

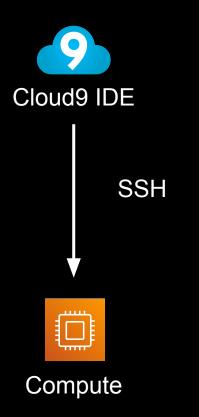


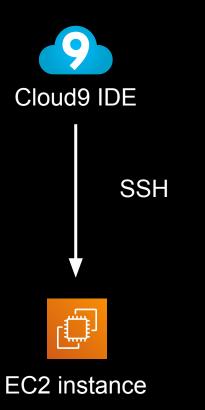




Compute



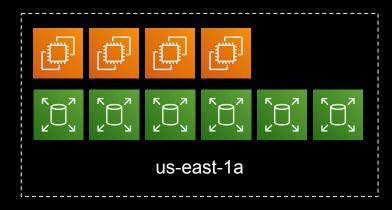


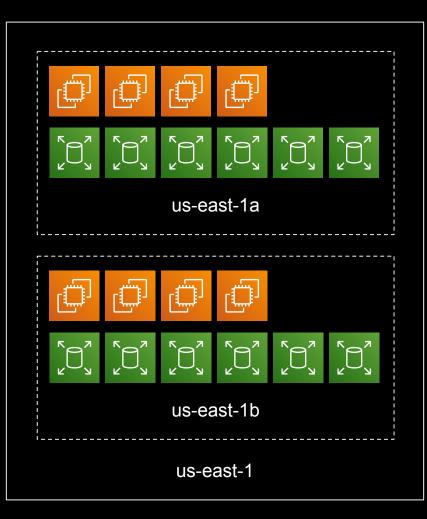


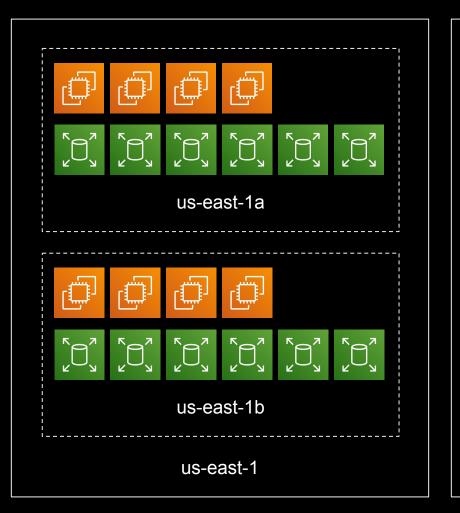
Version 1

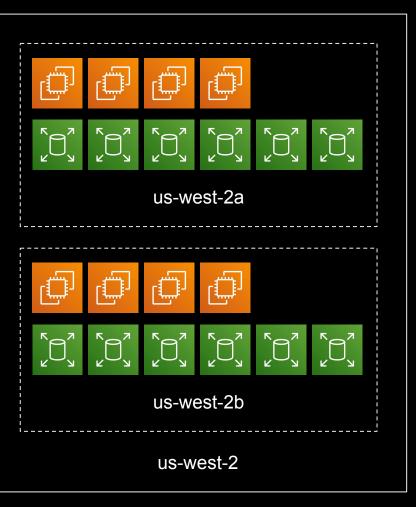
EC2 for Compute, EBS for Storage





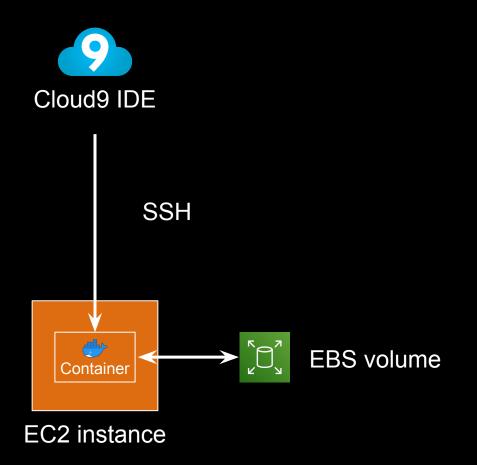






Implementation Details

- 1. Get available EC2 instance from pool
- 2. Create user's EBS volume and attach to instance
- 3. Format and mount volume
- 4. Start Docker container, mount volume, expose ports
- 5. Connect IDE to container using SSH
- 6. Redirect user to IDE



• Maintaining pools of EC2 instances

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- Using SSM to run commands on EC2 instances

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- Getting different hostname per session

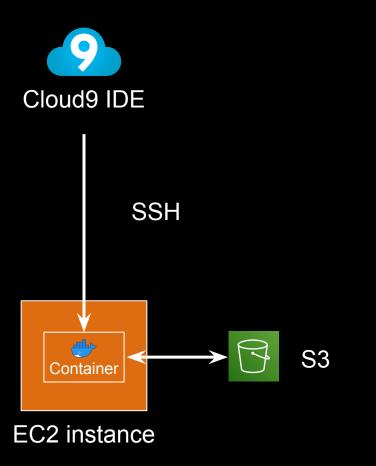
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- Using SSM to run commands on EC2 instances
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- Getting different hostname per session
- Removing instances temporarily to update the Docker image

• Provisioning a volume per user wasn't cost-effective

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- Assigning availability zone to each user was limiting

Version 2

S3 for Storage



• Setting up and refreshing credentials on the EC2 instance added complexity

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- Limiting storage size per user wasn't easy

Version 3?

AWS Fargate for Orchestration

Version 3?

AWS ECS for Orchestration

Version 3

Kubernetes for Orchestration

Creating an IDE per User

- 1. Create a namespace
- 2. Create a persistent volume claim (PVC)
- 3. Create a single-container pod, mount PVC, public SSH key
- 4. Connect IDE to container using SSH
- 5. Redirect user to their IDE

- Maintaining pools of EC2 instances

- Maintaining pools of EC2 instances
- + Managing nodes using Kubernetes

- Using SSM to run commands on EC2 instances

- Using SSM to run commands on EC2 instances
- + Using the Kubernetes API to create the resources needed

- Allocating entire EC2 instance for user

- Allocating entire EC2 instance for user
- + Running multiple containers on the same host

- Cleaning up after session ends
 - Terminating EC2 instance
 - Waiting for user's EBS volume to be detached

- Cleaning up after session ends
 - Terminating EC2 instance
 - Waiting for user's EBS volume to be detached
- + Killing the container

- Getting different hostname per session

Solutions with Kubernetes

- Getting different hostname per session
- + Using CoreDNS and a proxy to resolve hostnames to private IPs

Solutions with Kubernetes

- Removing instances temporarily to update the Docker image

Solutions with Kubernetes

- Removing instances temporarily to update the Docker image
- + Pulling images using a DaemonSet

- Provisioning a volume per user wasn't cost-effective

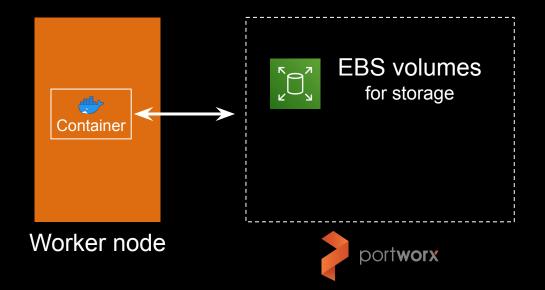
- Provisioning a volume per user wasn't cost-effective
- + Provisioning storage thinly
- + Taking snapshots to S3

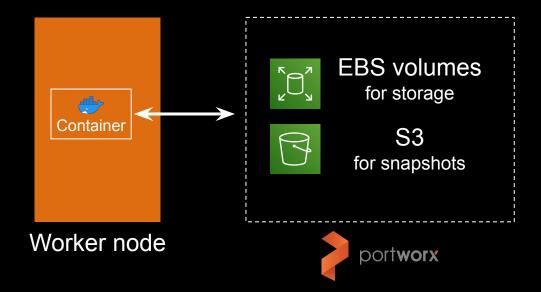
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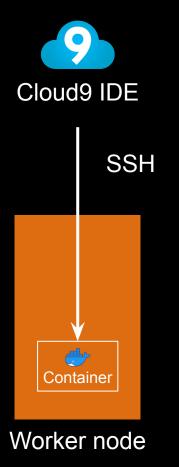
- Assigning availability zone to each user was limiting
- + Abstracting away EBS provisioning

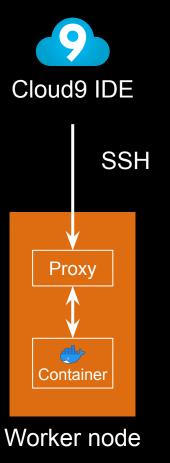
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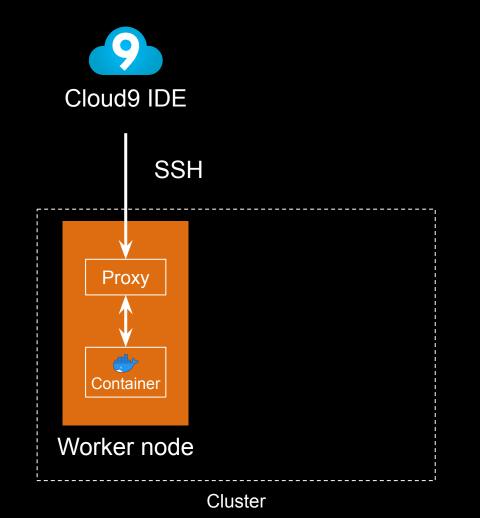
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- + Using Portworx volumes

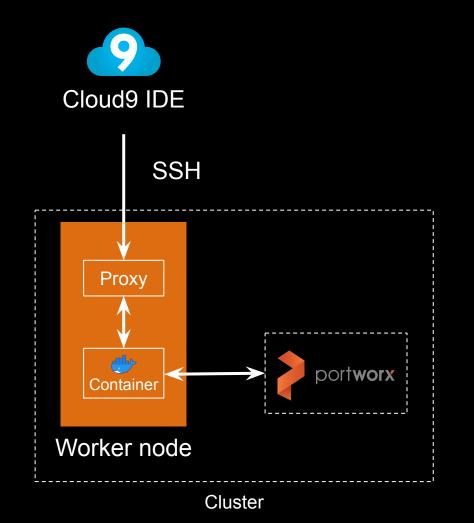


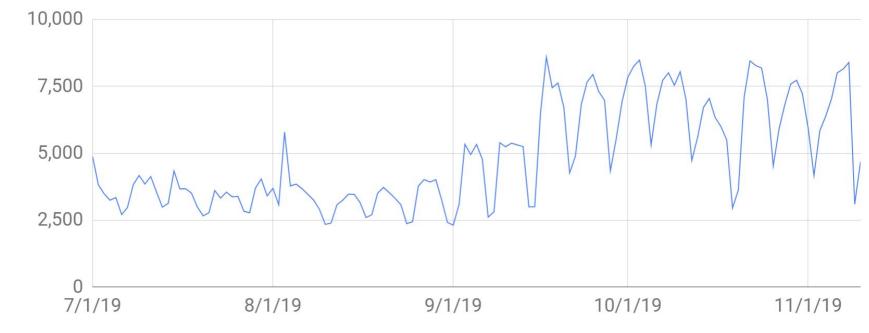












Day of the Month

Sessions

Future Work

- Improved fraud detection and prevention
- Multiple clusters in different regions
- Multiple IDEs per user
- ...

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