

How Spotify Accidentally Deleted All Its Kube Clusters with No User Impact David Xia @davidxia



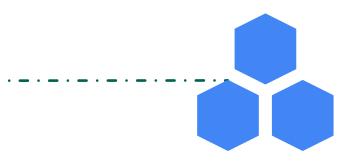
About Myself and Spotify

- infrastructure engineer
- 1K+ developers continuously deploying code to 10K+ VMs

music streaming company with 100M+ subscribers and 200M+ MAU



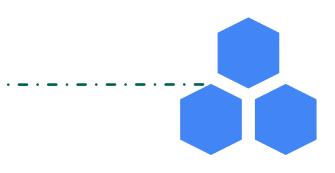






Google Cloud Platform GCP





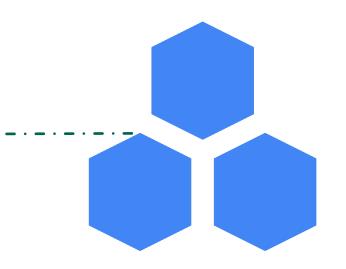




Google Kubernetes Engine GKE







3 production clusters

Project Title

Story Time



KubeCon Europe 2019

2019-05-22

US

Europe

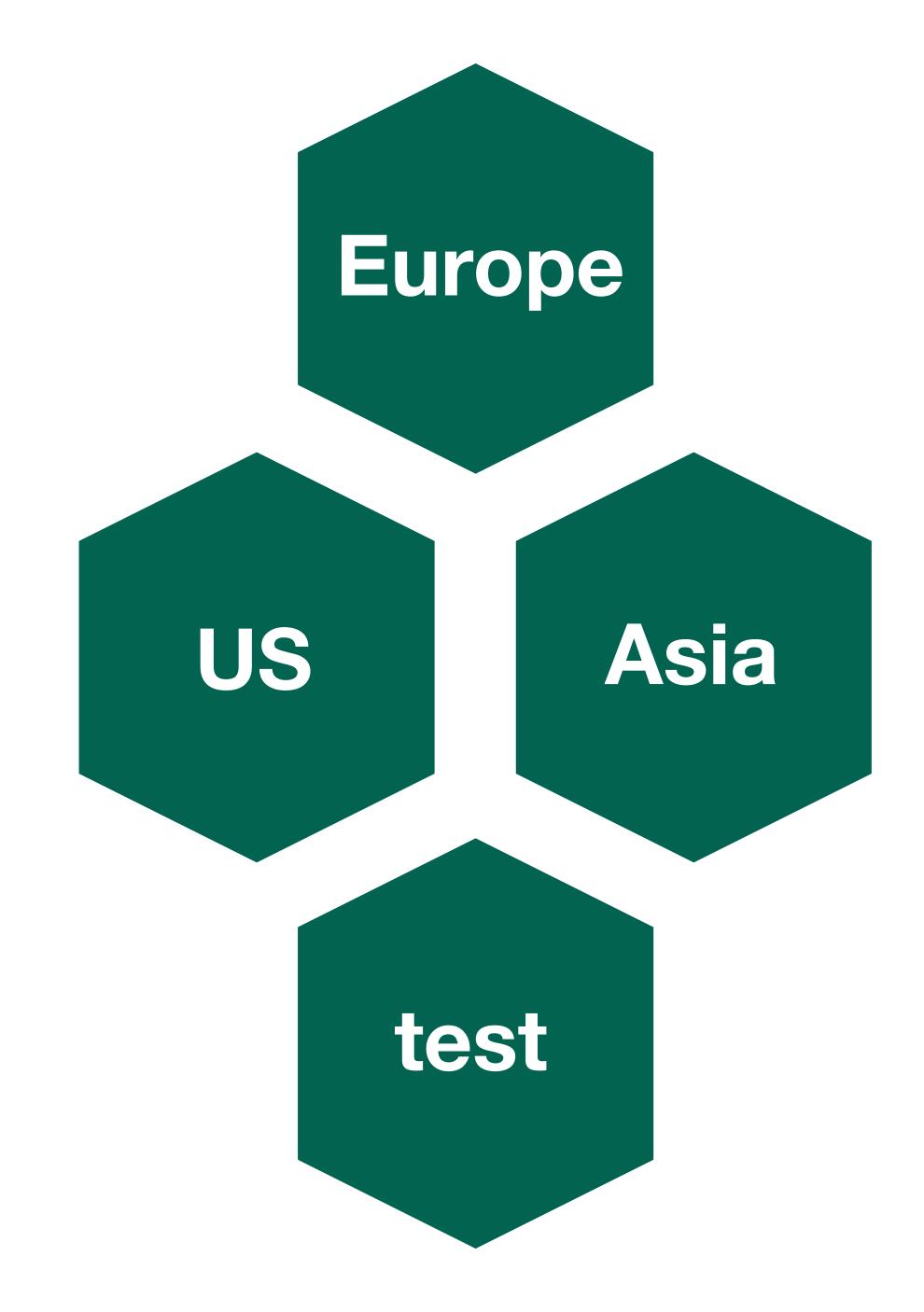
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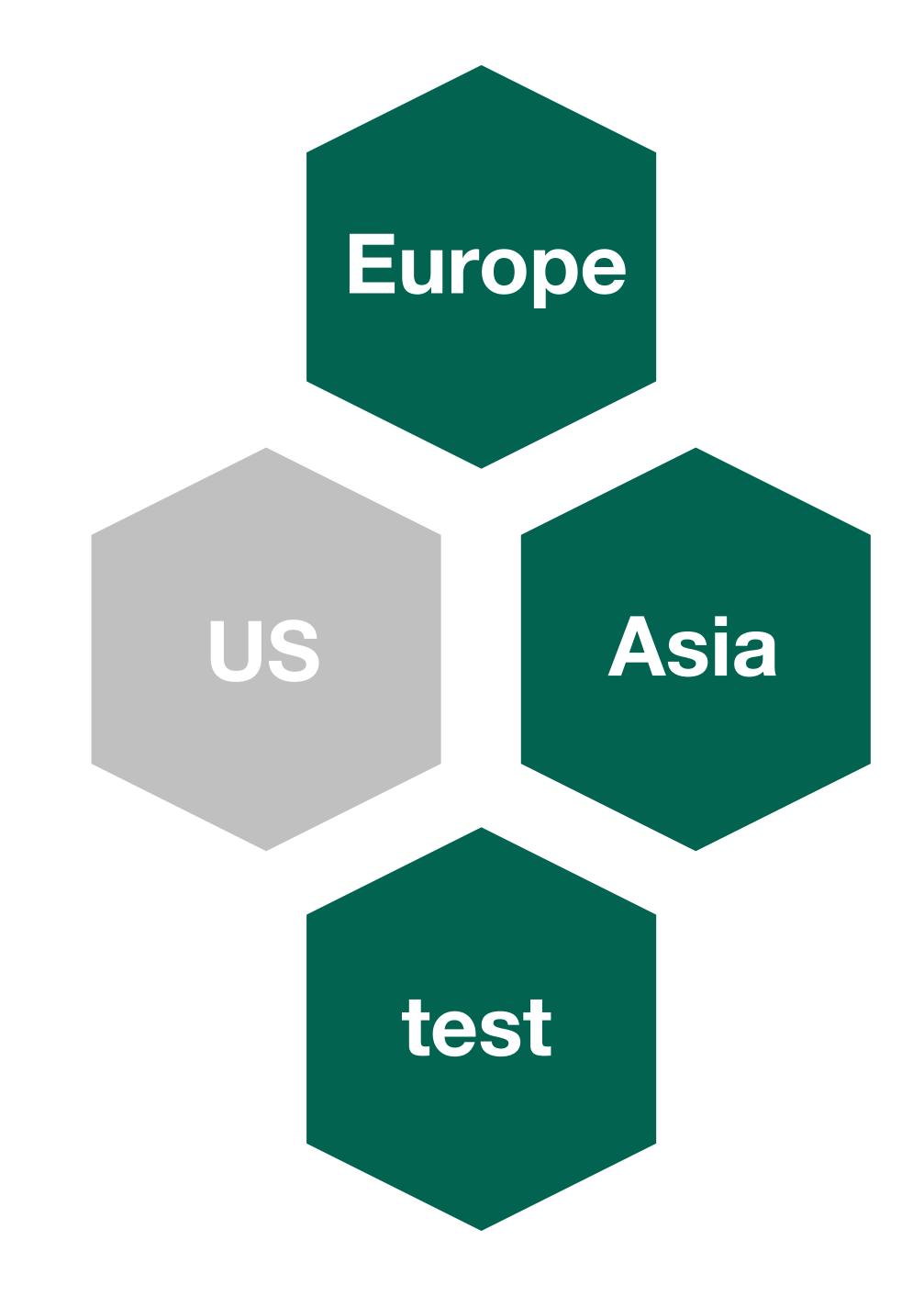
Europe

That Moment When You Realize



That Moment When You Realize

I deleted a 50-node production cluster running dozens of workloads.



How Do I Make It Stop?

You don't.



Cluster Restoration

- took 3.25 hours
- bugs in cluster creation scripts
- incomplete and incorrect documentation
- cluster creation process wasn't resumable, all or nothing

A Month Later

- trying to prevent accidental cluster deletions by codifying them
- unknowingly modified global state during review builds
- two PRs merged out of order

Europe



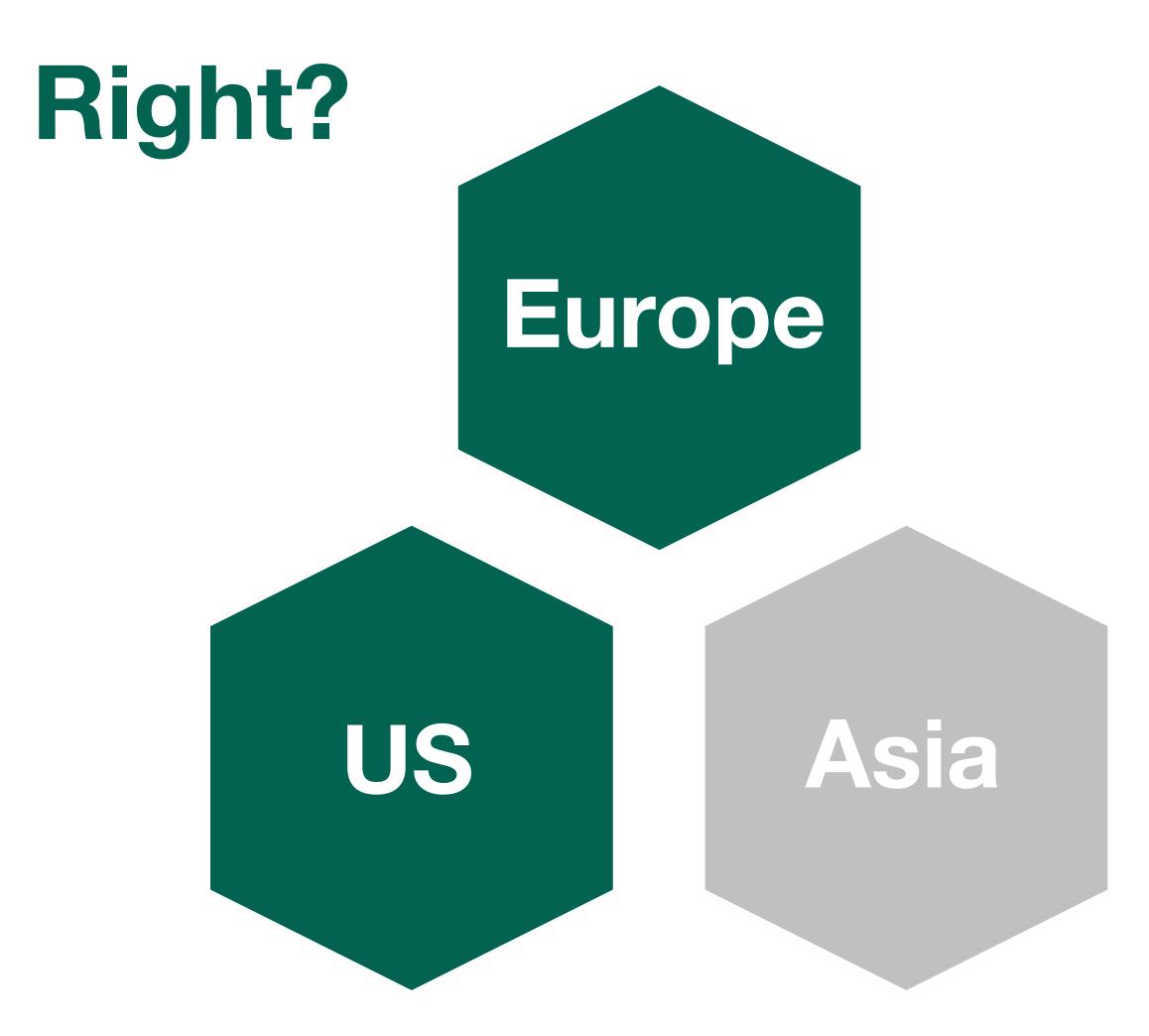
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Can't Get Any Worse, Right?

- we try to recreate the cluster by merging the remaining PR
- cluster creation fails from lack of permissions
- we grant enough **but different** permissions to make it work
- caused Terraform's view of the clusters to change



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Developer Impact

- one team had to create more non-K8s VMs
- my team had to update all the places we had hardcorded the old master IP
- everyone had to refresh cluster credentials

End User Impact



What We Did Right

- we planned for failure
- we migrated large scale, complex infrastructure gradually
- we have a culture of learning

How Did We Plan for Failure?

- 1. we recommended teams only migrate services partially to K8s
- 2. the way we registered services running on K8s
- 3. resulting failover to non-K8s instances

Partial K8s Migration on Per-Service Level

- K8s usage at Spotify was marked as beta at the time
- we recommended teams only migrate some but not all of each service's instances to K8s
- we continue work on integrations, reliability, managing multiple clusters

The Saving Grace of Registering Services the non-K8s Way

- our internal service discovery system uses Pod IPs
- we don't use the K8s Service IP
- we polls Services' Endpoints and update service discovery
- our team was paged to make service discovery no longer poll deleted cluster

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Failover to Non-K8s Instances

- service discovery system was restarted
- K8s Pods removed from service discovery
- clients only got a list of non-K8s instances



Best Practices

- backed up our clusters
- codified our infrastructure
- performed disaster recovery tests
- made team members practice disaster scenarios

Backed Up Our Clusters

- our cluster backups were essential
- we had already tested restoring from these
- if you have never restored from backups, you don't have backups

Codified Our Infrastructure

- introduced new tools gradually
- standardized the workflow and change management of infra code
- added linters and validators
- added the output of the dry run as a comment to the pull request
- required status checks to pass before merging
- required feature branch to be up to date
- required approving reviews
- failed review builds if certain keywords in the dry run like "destroy"

Performed Disaster Recovery Tests

- scheduled them in advance
- announced widely to operators and users
- tested different failure conditions
- recorded and fixed issues quickly

• disasters will happen whether you plan for them or not, so plan for them

Practice Makes Perfect

- it took me 3.25 hrs to restore cluster I deleted along with all its integrations
- second cluster deletion incident lasted from 8PM to 5AM
- now we can restore larger clusters in 1 hour

Culture of Learning, Not Blame



What We Did Right

- we planned for failure
- we are migrating large scale, complex infrastructure gradually
- we have a culture of learning

Next Steps for K8s at Spotify

- told service owners their services can now be entirely on K8s
- manage configuration and workload distribution across many clusters
- create redundancy by deploying services to multiple clusters in a region

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Thank you!

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