



KubeCon | CloudNativeCon

North America 2018

#kubeadm deep dive

Agenda



- Who?
- Mission
- GA
- Roadmap 2019
- Getting Involved
- Q/A

Who?



Who are we?





Timothy St. Clair SIG Cluster Lifecycle co-lead Steering Committee Member Staff Engineer @Heptio/VMWare @timothysc



Liz Frost SIG Cluster Lifecycle Contributor Kube Cuddle creator SW Engineer @Heptio/VMWare @liztio



Who are we?



- 100s of contributors across several companies
- Smaller core group of active maintainers
 - VMWare
 - Lubomir, Ross
 - VMWare (née Heptio)
 - Tim, Liz, Jason, Chuck
 - \circ Suse
 - Marek, Rafael
 - \circ Intel
 - Alex, Ed
 - Other/Independent
 - Luxas, Fabrizio, Yago, Di
- Large user community on #kubeadm

Mission



What is our mission?



SIG Cluster Lifecycle's objective is to simplify creation, configuration, upgrade, downgrade, and teardown of Kubernetes clusters and their components.



<BRACE FOR RANT}</pre>





Why are we doing this?



- To prevent the mistakes of other open source cluster mgmt provisioning tools
 - Because...
 - Kubernetes is the beginning of the story, not the end
 - commoditizing the deployment of the core raises all boats and allows the community to focus on solving end user problems
 - "production grade" shouldn't be firewalled by providers
 - It should "just work"
 - Because cross provider matters
- To make the management of (X) clusters across (Y) providers simple, secure, and configurable.



- Make each program do **one thing well**. To do a new job, build afresh rather than complicate old programs by adding new "features".
- Expect the output of every program to become the input to another, as yet unknown, program. Don't clutter output with extraneous information.
 Don't insist on interactive input.
- Design and build software, to be tried early, ideally within weeks. Don't hesitate to throw away the clumsy parts and rebuild them.
- Use tools instead of people to lighten a programming task, even if you have to detour to build the tools and expect to throw some of them out after you've finished using them.
 - Write down the "Hard Way" and optimize 80% UX Flow with override

Key Design Takeaways



- kubeadm's task is to set up a **best-practice cluster** for each *minor version*
- The user experience should be *simple*, and the cluster reasonably *secure*
- kubeadm's scope is limited; intended to be a *composable* building block
 - Only ever deals with the local filesystem and the Kubernetes API
 - Agnostic to *how exactly* the kubelet is run
 - Setting up or favoring a specific CNI network is **out of scope**
- Composable architecture with everything divided into **phases**
- Versioned configuration







Kubeadm is GA!!!



What does GA mean?



- Stable command-line UX The kubeadm CLI conforms to <u>#5a GA rule of the Kubernetes</u> <u>Deprecation Policy</u>, which states that a command or flag that exists in a GA version must be kept for at least 12 months after deprecation.
 - o init/join/upgrade/config/reset/token/version
- Stable underlying implementation kubeadm now creates a new Kubernetes cluster using methods that shouldn't change any time soon. The control plane, for example, is run as a set of static Pods, bootstrap tokens are used for the <u>kubeadm join</u> flow, and <u>ComponentConfig</u> is used for configuring the <u>kubelet</u>.
- Upgrades between minor versions The kubeadm upgrade command is now fully GA. It handles control plane upgrades for you, which includes upgrades to etcd, the <u>API Server</u>, the <u>Controller Manager</u>, and the <u>Scheduler</u>. You can seamlessly upgrade your cluster between minor or patch versions (e.g. v1.12.2 -> v1.13.1 or v1.13.1 -> v1.13.3).

What does GA mean?



- Configuration file schema With the new v1beta1 API version, you can now tune almost every part of the cluster declaratively and thus build a "GitOps" flow around kubeadm-built clusters. In future versions, we plan to graduate the API to version v1 with minimal changes (and perhaps none).
 - Examples and references are now in standard <u>Godoc format</u>
 - Config is split into parts
 - InitConfiguration
 - ClusterConfiguration stored on cluster in a configmap
 - JoinConfiguration

kubeadm: InitConfiguration



• Usage

• "kubeadm init --config ..."

• Why

- Custom API endpoint address
- Specify init bootstrap tokens
- Pass custom kubelet flags
- Set node name/taints

```
apiVersion: kubeadm.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: InitConfiguration
localAPIEndpoint:
   advertiseAddress: "10.100.0.1"
   bindPort: 6443
nodeRegistration:
   criSocket: "/var/run/crio/crio.sock"
   kubeletExtraArgs:
    cgroupDriver: "cgroupfs"
bootstrapTokens:
   ...
```

kubeadm: Cluster Configuration



• Usage

• "kubeadm init --config ..."

- Why
 - Fine tune cluster defaults
 - Custom arguments and volume mounts to control plane components

```
apiVersion: kubeadm.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: ClusterConfiguration
kubernetesVersion: "v1.12.2"
imageRepository: registry.example.com
networking:
  serviceSubnet: "10.96.0.0/12"
  dnsDomain: "cluster.local"
etcd:
apiServer:
  extraArgs:
    . . .
  extraVolumes:
    . . .
```

What does GA mean?



- The "toolbox" interface of kubeadm Also known as phases. If you don't want to
 perform all <u>kubeadm init</u> tasks, you can instead apply more fine-grained actions using the
 kubeadm init phase command (for example generating certificates or control plane <u>Static
 Pod</u> manifests).
 - Currently this only applies to `kubeadm init`
 - In 2019 `kubeadm join phases`
- **etcd setup** <u>etcd</u> is now set up in a way that is secure by default, with TLS communication everywhere, and allows for expanding to a highly available cluster when needed.

kubeadm: init phases



preflight	Run pre-flight checks
kubelet-start	Writes kubelet settings and (re)starts the kubelet
certs	Generates certificates for a Kubernetes cluster
kubeconfig	Generates all kubeconfig files for the control plane and the admin kubeconfig file
control-plane	Generates all static Pod manifest files necessary to establish the control plane
etcd	Generates static Pod manifest file for local etcd.
upload-config	Uploads the currently used configuration for kubeadm to a ConfigMap
mark-control-plane	Mark a node as a control-plane
bootstrap-token	Manage kubeadm-specific bootstrap token functions
addon	Installs required addons for passing Conformance tests



kubeadm join







kubeadm upgrade: Control Plane



Certificate Management





Certificate Management

KubeCon

CloudNativeCon

North America 2018



- apiserver-kubelet-client
- front-proxy-client
- etcd-server
- etcd-peer
- etcd-healthcheck-client
- apiserver-etcd-client
- user certificates

Certificate Hierarchy



- root CA
 - \circ apiserver
 - apiserver-kubelet-client
- front-proxy CA
 - front-proxy-client
- etcd CA
 - \circ etcd-server
 - etcd-peer
 - etcd-healthcheck-client
 - apiserver-etcd-client

Certificate Hierarchy



- root CA
 - \circ apiserver
 - apiserver-kubelet-client
- front-proxy CA
 - front-proxy-client
- etcd CA
 - \circ etcd-server
 - \circ etcd-peer
 - etcd-healthcheck-client
 - apiserver-etcd-client





• From Scratch



- From Scratch
- Provided CAs (+ keys)

- From Scratch
- Provided CAs (+ keys)
- All External (keys optional)

- From Scratch
- Provided CAs (+ keys)
- All External (keys optional)
- Mixed

Other Certificate Options

- Generate CSRs!
- `kubeadm alpha certs renew`
- Certificates API requests

2019 Roadmap

2019 Roadmap

- Config to v1
- HA to GA
 - Full test automation
- Continued promotion of alpha phases to subcommands
 - e.g. join phases
- Grand unified field theory on ComponentConfiguration
 - \circ $\,$ Working group being formed.
- Incorporate etcdadm and bundles when stable
- Test and release automation ...

Testing and release tooling

2019 Roadmap - CI + Release

• Cl

- KIND as the only PR blocking job
- \circ $\,$ Move all SCL jobs to periodics $\,$
- CI = release artifacts
- Kill `kubernetes-anywhere` with extreme prejudice
- Release
 - Move all package building into k/k
 - .deb/rpm build artifacts
 - Keep signing and publishing separate in the release repo
 - Work with k8s-infra team
 - Want -devel and -stable repos & registries

Getting Involved http://bit.ly/kubeadm-survey

How can you contribute

- <u>Contributing to SIG Cluster Lifecycle documentation</u>
- We're working on growing the contributor/reviewers pool; scaling the SIG
- We have "Office Hours" for our projects: weekly for kubeadm, bi-weekly for kops and kubespray...
- Cluster API office hours weekly for both US West Coast and EMEA
- Full list of SIG meetings and links to minutes and recordings can be found on <u>SIG page</u>
- Attend our Zoom meetings / be around on Slack
- Look for "good first issue", "help wanted" and "sig/cluster-lifecycle" labeled issues in our repositories

Logistics

- Follow the <u>SIG Cluster Lifecycle YouTube playlist</u>
- Check out the <u>meeting notes</u> for our weekly office hours meetings
- Join <u>#sig-cluster-lifecycle</u>, <u>#kubeadm</u> channels
- Check out the <u>kubeadm setup guide</u>, <u>reference doc</u> and <u>design doc</u>
- Read how you can <u>get involved</u> and improve kubeadm!

æ **CloudNativeCon KubeCon North America 2018** Thank You! Q/A