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Cost-effective Compute Clusters with Spot and Preemptible Instances

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Presenters



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Slides https://goo.gl/LbEc1u



About Platform9 Systems



deploy, manage & maintain



as a service

on the infrastructure of your choice



Agenda

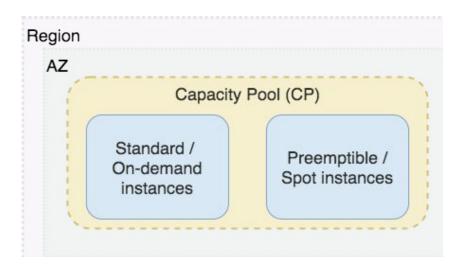
- Motivation
- Bidding Strategies
- Implementation strategies
- Supporting K8s mechanisms
- Application Scheduling considerations
- Case Study
- Demo

Introducing spot & preemptible instances

- Cheaper instances (60-80% savings)
- But with a catch: can be terminated any time
 - AWS: random
 - Google Cloud: within 24 hours
- Historically requires some skill
- But Kubernetes makes them easier to use and mainstream
 - Apps designed to tolerate node failure

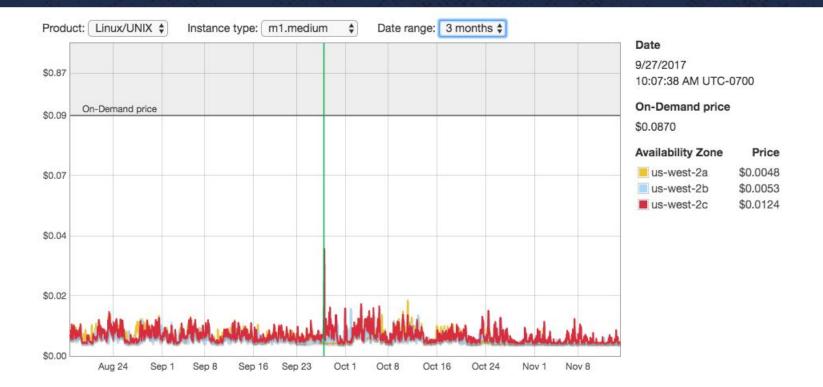
Bidding strategies

- Capacity pool (CP)
 - Logical container
 - Shares same AZ, region, OS and instance type
- Best practices
 - Build Price-Aware Applications
 - Check the Price History
 - Use Multiple Capacity Pools



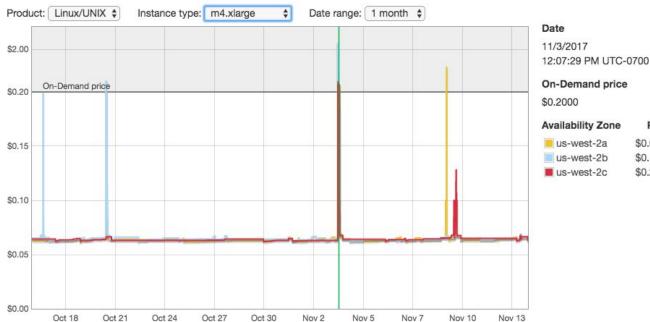
Source: https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/focusing-on-spot-instances-lets-talk-about-best-practices/

Amazon EC2 Spot Instances



Amazon EC2 Spot Instances

Spot Instance Pricing History



Amazon EC2 Spot Instance Price Price \$0.0890 \$0.1082 \$0.2010 Perion:

x

Region: Oregon

(us-west-2)

Google Cloud

Oregon	•			Monthly 🛑 Hou	rly
Machine type	Virtual CPUs	Memory	Price (USD)	Preemptible price (USD)	~80% flat discount on list
n1-standard-1	1	3.75GB	\$0.0475	\$0.0100	price
n1-standard-2	2	7.5GB	\$0.0950	\$0.0200	Excoss/surplus
n1-standard-4	4	15GB	\$0.1900 <	> \$0.0400	 Excess/surplus capacity (not a
n1-standard-8	8	30GB	\$0.3800	\$0.0800	secondary market)
n1-standard-16	16	60GB	\$0.7600	\$0.1600	market)

Benefits

Specific applications & use cases that benefit this scheme

• Elastic / bursting applications



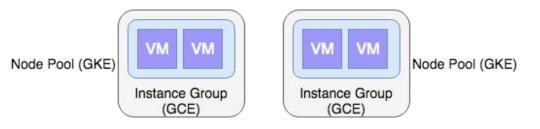
• Stateless compute intensive tasks (HPC workloads)



• Highly available clustered apps

Horizontal node auto-scaling scenarios

Implementation Mechanisms - GKE



- Use multiple NodePools for a given cluster
- At least one node pool without preemptible instances
- NodePools can be added to a cluster and scaled dynamically
- Auto-upgrade and auto-repair support for ContainerOS image today.
- Future-proofing using 0 size node pool

Implementation Mechanisms - GKE

Two pools in the cluster - A fixed pool and a default-pool that has preemptible nodes enabled

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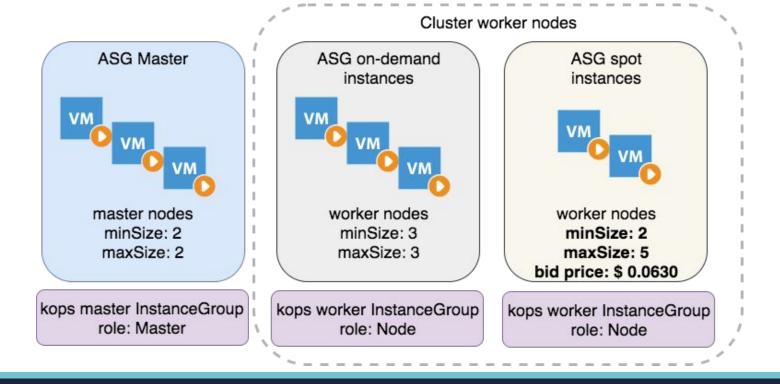
fixed-pool			
1			
1.8.3-gke.0	Change		
Container-Optimized OS (cos)	Change		
n1-standard-1 (1 vCPU, 3.75 GB memory)			
1 vCPU			
3.75 GB			
Disabled Disabled			
Disabled			
10			
0			
gke-arun-kubecon-1-fixed-pool-d59c14c6- grp			
	1 1.8.3-gke.0 Container-Optimized OS (cos) n1-standard-1 (1 vCPU, 3.75 GB 1 vCPU 3.75 GB Disabled Disabled Off 10 0 gke-arun-kubecon-1-fixed-pool-d		

Name	default-pool		
Size	1		
Node version	1.8.3-gke.0	Change	
Node image	Container-Optimized OS (cos)	Change	
Machine type	custom (1 vCPU, 1 GB memory)		
Total cores	1 vCPU		
Total memory	1.00 GB		
Automatic node upgrades	Disabled		
Automatic node repair	Disabled		
Autoscaling	Off		
Preemptible nodes	Enabled		
Boot disk size in GB (per node)	10		
Local SSD disks (per node)	0		
Instance groups	gke-arun-kubecon-1-default-pool- a0176adb-grp		

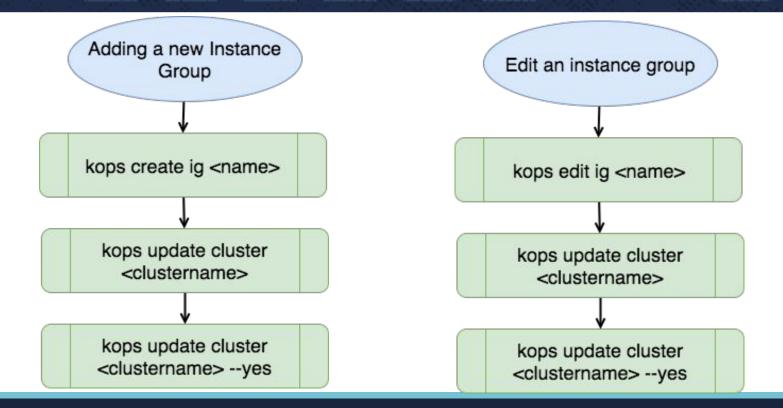
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- Open Source project <u>https://github.com/kubernetes/kops</u>
- Supports deploying K8s clusters on AWS & GCE
- Supports Spot Instance for AWS
- Concept of Instance Groups (IG)
 - Master IG
 - Multiple node IG (workers)
- Each IG backed by an Auto Scaling Group (ASG)
- Ability to auto-scale and heal instance terminations





```
apiVersion: kops/v1alpha2
kind: InstanceGroup
metadata:
    labels:
    kops.k8s.io/cluster: arun-kops02.k8s.local
    name: nodes
spec:
  image: kope.io/k8s-1.7-debian-jessie-amd64-hvm-ebs-2017-07-28
  machineType: t2.medium
  maxPrice: "0.0630"
  maxSize: 2
  minSize: 2
  role: Node
  subnets:
  - us-west-2a
```



Demo

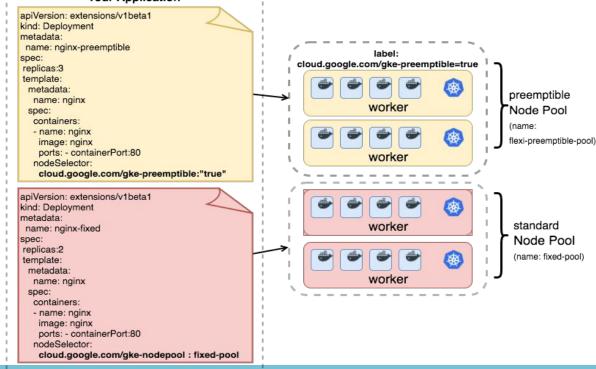
- 1. Cluster creating using kops on AWS
- 2. Horizontal pod auto scaling + Node autoscaling on GKE (Cloud bursting use-case)

Application scheduling considerations

- Stateless applications vs stateful applications
 - Minimum service availability
- Application replica distribution across nodes
- Node failure rescheduling considerations
 - Moving pods to same pool/different node pool
- Specific hardware requirements, eg. GPU processing, network

Supporting K8s mechanisms

Your Application



NodeSelector

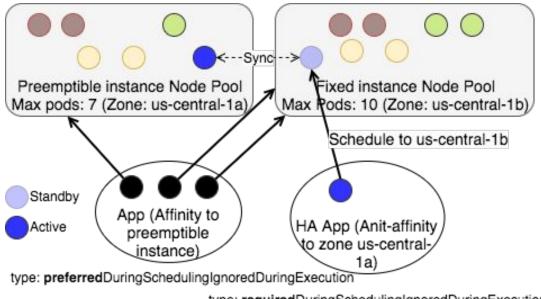
 Preemptible VMs come with a default label

cloud.google.com/gke-preempt
ible=true

 NodePools also have labels that can be used for scheduling decisions

Supporting K8s mechanisms

Using node affinity & anti-affinity with spot instances



type: requiredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution

- Affinity: Preferred
 preemptible resource for
 pod but not mandatory
- Anti-affinity: Preferred fixed node resource for pod but not mandatory

Label:

failure-domain.beta.kubernetes.io/zone
Affinity type:

preferredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuring
Execution

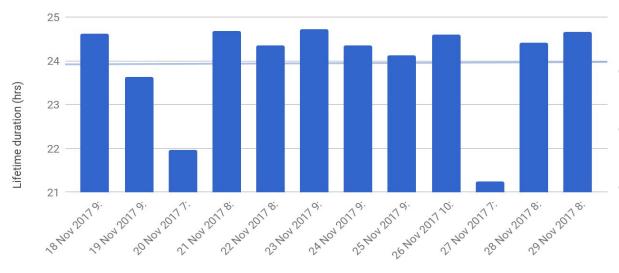


Application availability - nodeSelector and affinity using a GKE cluster

CloudProvider: GKE Resource pool: 2 node cluster % split of preemptive and fixed nodes: 50% K8s version: 1.8.3-gke.0 Duration: 12 days Active workload: none

Preemptible instance lifetime

preemptible nodePool with 1 node (17 Nov 017 - 29 Nov 2017)



Date & Time of termination (PST)

Observations

- Preemptible instance price fluctuation very low to none
- trend/average instance lifetime ~24 hrs
- Does not support shutdown hooks today
- Cannot turn off/on preemptive instances after Node Pool creation

Cost Analysis

Product	Resource	Usage	✓ Amount
Compute Engine	Standard Intel N1 1 VCPU running in Americas	283.00 Hour	\$13.44
Compute Engine	Preemptible Custom instance Core running in Americas	281.74 Hour	\$1.97
Compute Engine	Storage PD Capacity	5,942.33 Gibibyte-hour	\$0.33
Compute Engine	Preemptible Custom instance Ram running in Americas	281.74 Gibibyte-hour	\$0.26
Compute Engine	Network Inter Zone Egress	1,887.05 Mebibyte	\$0.02

Total Costs: \$16.02

Total costs without preemptible instances: \$24.65 (13.44 * 2 - 1.97 - .26)

Total Savings: \$8.63 (\$24.65 - \$16.02)

Extrapolating to 100 node cluster, savings for a year would be: (100 / 2) * 8.63 * (365 / 12) =**<u>\$13,126.23</u>**

Since our costing was for 2 nodes run for twelve days with 50% preemptive instances (50 fixed price nodes + 50 preemptible nodes)**

Thank You

- Slides
 - <u>https://goo.gl/LbEc1u</u>
- For more info
 - <u>www.platform9.com</u>
- Please take a moment to provide your feedback
 - <u>https://sayat.me/arunsriraman/</u>

