

Democratizing MySQL: Cloud Managed to Kubernetes Managed

KubeCon 2019

00. Who we are

Case study

Migrate from Cloud Managed SQL to K8S managed



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The story of building Presslabs Operator for MySQL



01. Context
02. The Need
03. The Solution
04. Challenges
05. Future plans

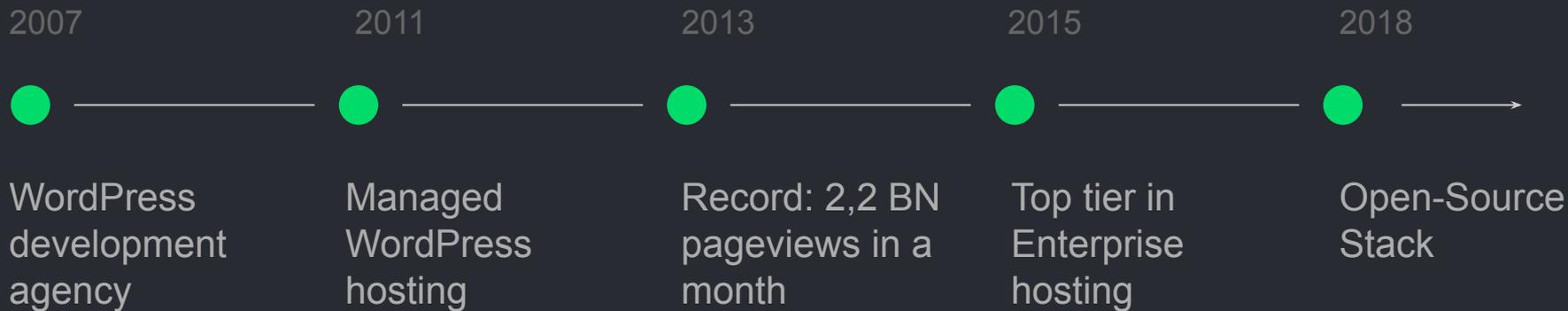


01. Context



01.1

Who is Presslabs



01.2

Presslabs mission

Democratizing WordPress hosting infrastructure



Democratizing MySQL: Cloud Managed to K8S Managed



[@presslabs](https://twitter.com/presslabs)

01.3

Presslabs objectives



Open infrastructure using
Kubernetes to run and
operate WordPress



MySQL Operator for
WordPress hosting



01.4

Why Kubernetes?

- Runs everywhere
- Open-source
- We had experience with containers before they were cool
- Our core services already run on Kubernetes since version 1.7
- Support for a lot of integrations



02. The Need



02. The Need

1

—
Ease of
operations

2

—
Elasticity

3

—
Service
availability

4

—
Data safety

5

—
Observable



03. The Solution



03.1

MySQL Operator

A Kubernetes Operator for managing MySQL Clusters with **asynchronous** or **semi-synchronous** replication:

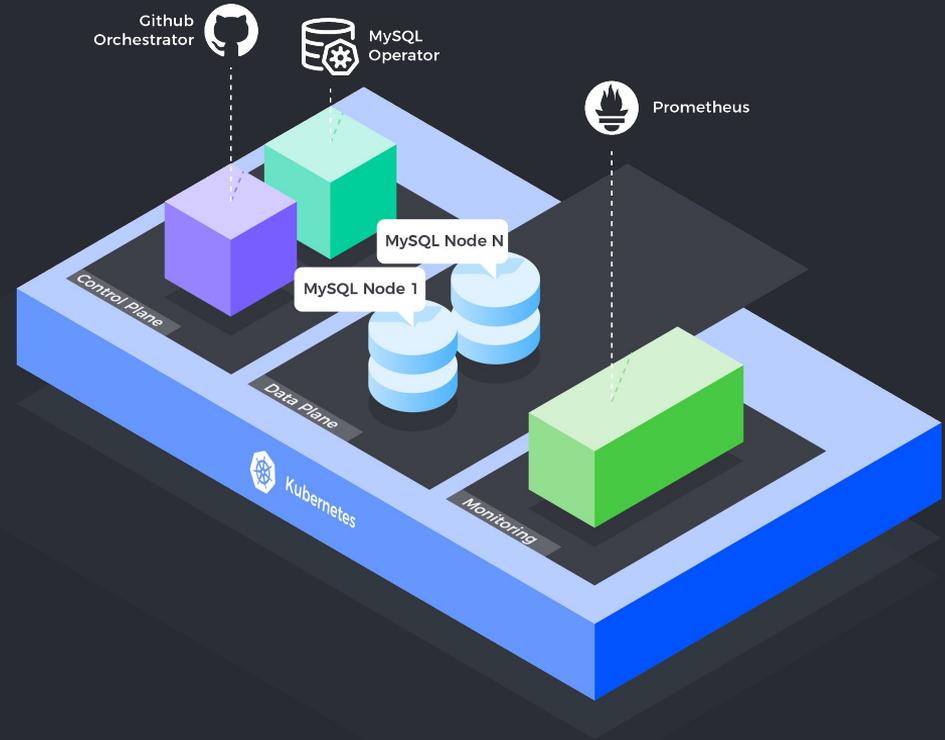
- ✓ Self-healing clusters
- ✓ Highly available reads
- ✓ Virtually highly available writes
- ✓ Replication lag detection and mitigation
- ✓ Resource abuse control
- ✓ Automated backups and restores



03.2

Architecture overview

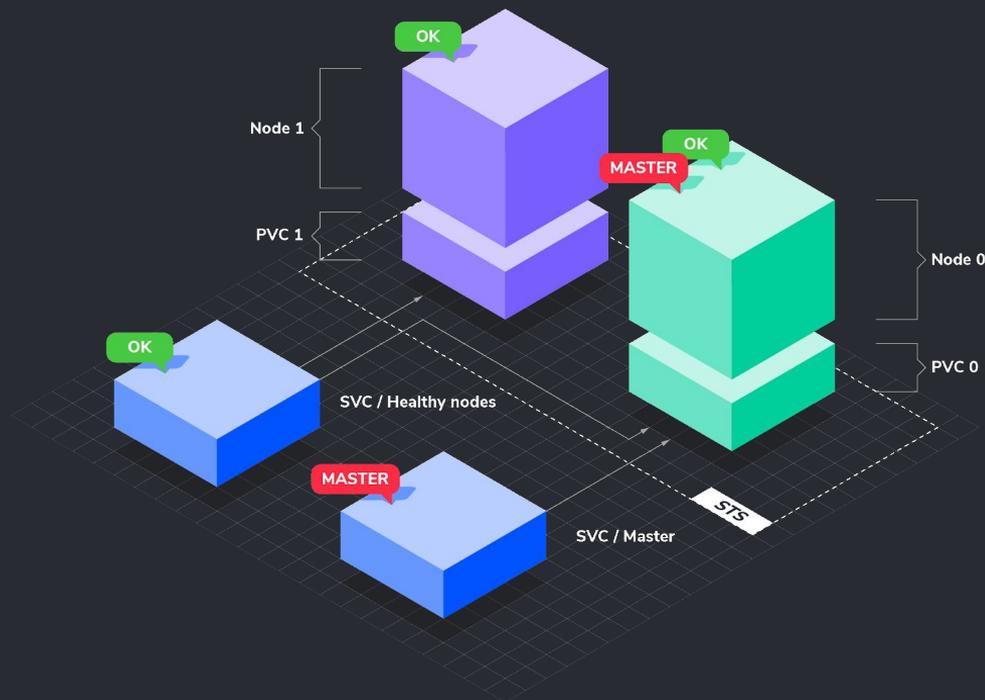
- **Control plane**
 - ◆ Operator
 - ◆ Orchestrator
- **Data plane**
 - ◆ MySQL deployment
- **Monitoring**
 - ◆ Prometheus



03.3

MySQL Cluster

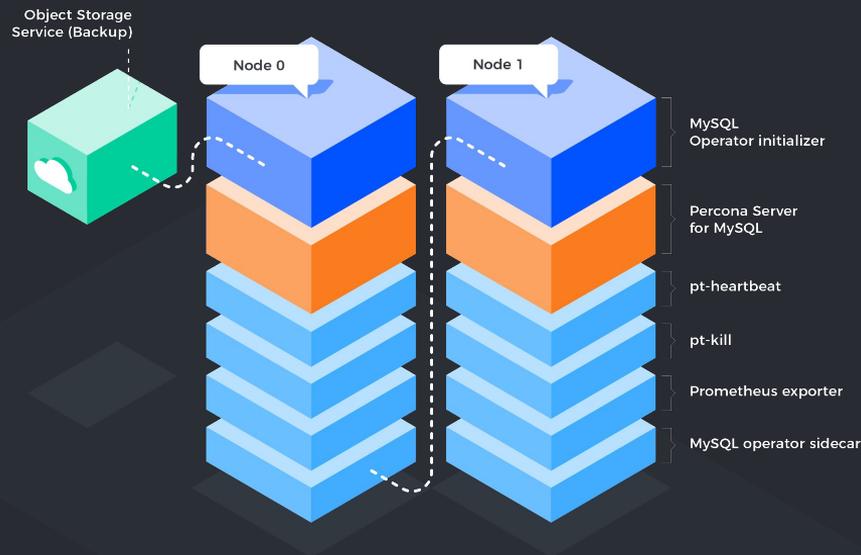
- Statefulsets
 - Persistent volumes
 - Services
- ◆ Master
 - ◆ Healthy nodes



03.4

Data plane

- **Init:**
 - ◆ MySQL configuration
- **Main:**
 - ◆ Percona Server for MySQL
- **Sidecar:**
 - ◆ Monitoring
 - ◆ Automated backups and restores
 - ◆ Resource abuse control



04. Challenges

1

—
Orchestrator sync
and clean-up

2

—
PVC clean-up

3

—
CRD upgrade/
validation

4

—
MySQL Upgrade



04.1

Orchestrator sync and clean-up

- Orchestrator is a MySQL high availability and replication management tool
- State reconciliation between Orchestrator and Kubernetes
- Information flow:

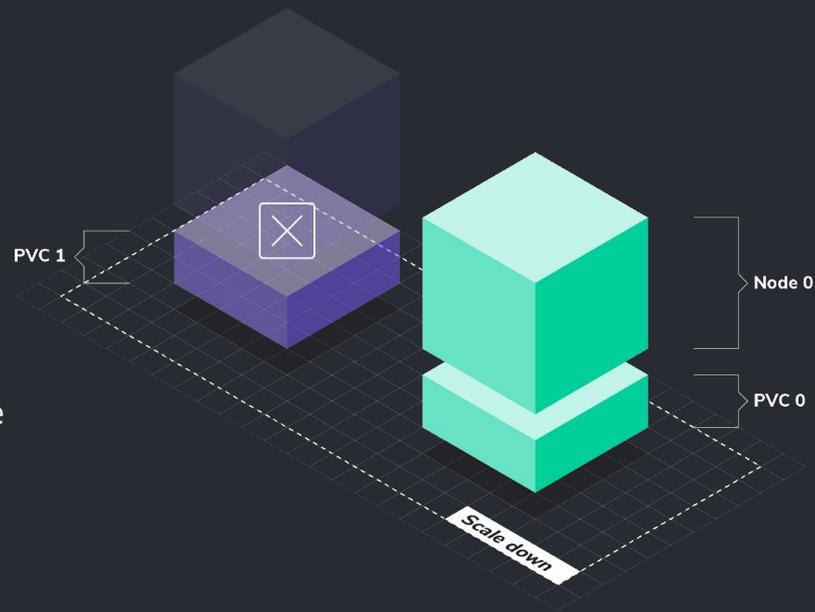
Kubernetes → Operator → Orchestrator → MySQL cluster



04.2

PVC cleanup

- MySQL nodes keeps data into Persistent Volumes
- Scale down does not delete PVCs
- Scale up may be an issue because of **obsolete data**
- Special case for Node 0



04.3

CRD upgrade / validation

- CRD versioning (alpha from 1.13)
- Helm hook

```
helm.sh/crd-install
```

- No CRD validation

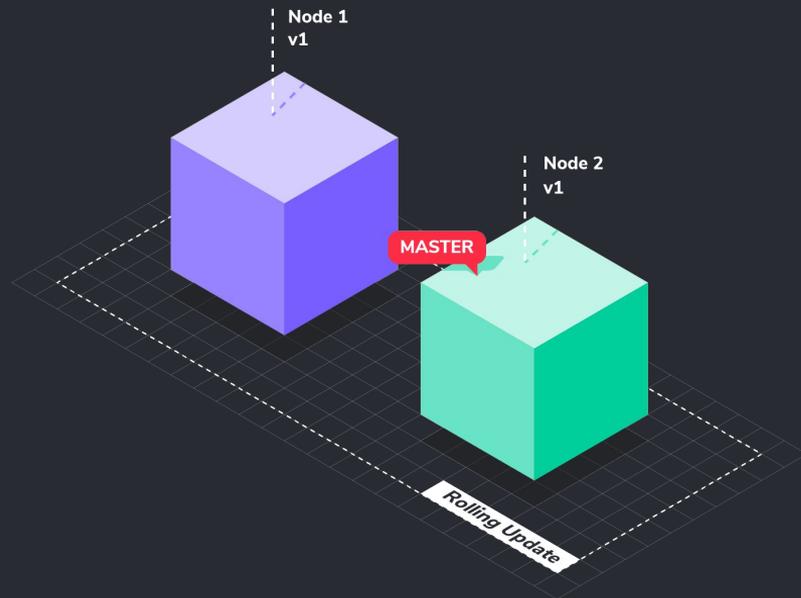


04.4

MySQL Upgrade

→ Default policy:

Rolling Updates



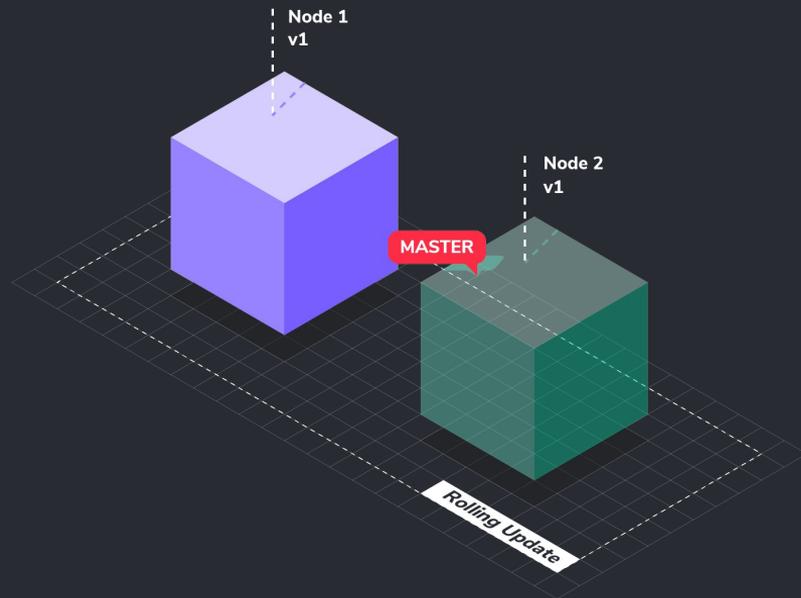
04.4

MySQL Upgrade

→ Default policy:

Rolling Updates

→ Not gentle for MySQL



04.4

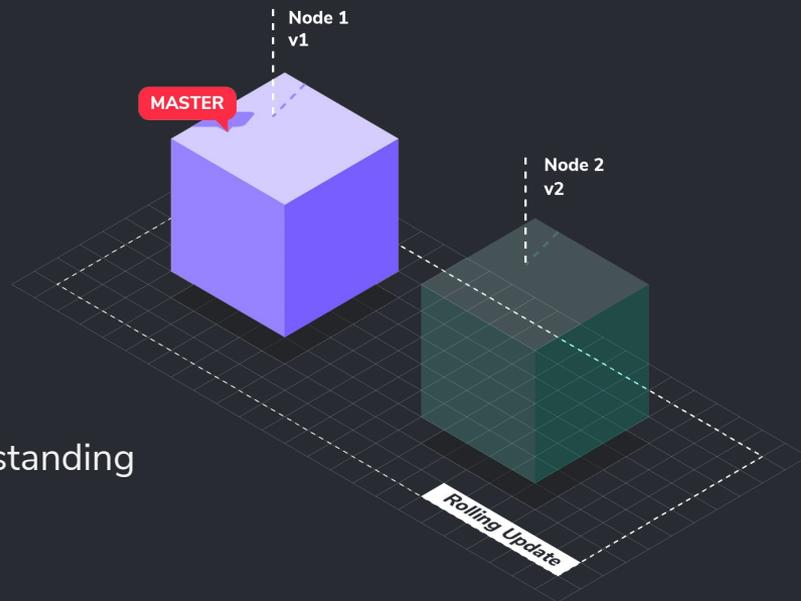
MySQL Upgrade

→ Default policy:

Rolling Updates

→ Not gentle for MySQL

→ Master should be the last one standing



04.4

MySQL Upgrade

→ Default policy:

Rolling Updates

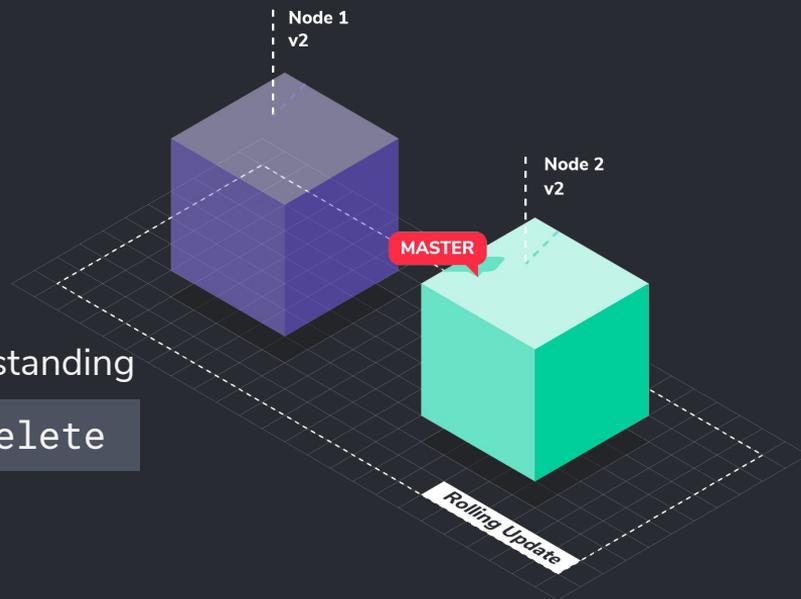
→ Not gentle for MySQL

→ Master should be the last one standing

→ Recommended policy: On Delete

✗ Pod finalizer

✗ Container lifecycle hooks



05. Current status



05.1

Future Plans

- Integration with Google Cloud Marketplace, OperatorHub.io, AWS Marketplace
- CRD Validation and webhooks
- Proxy SQL integration
- Backup policies



05.2

Project status



github.com/presslabs/mysql-operator



[#mysql-operator](https://kubernetes.slack.com/#mysql-operator)

<https://kubernetes.slack.com/>

Community

★ Star

158

🍴 Fork

41

Contributors



Presslabs

Smart Managed WordPress Hosting

📍 Romania 🌐 <https://www.presslabs.com/>



Heureka

📍 Czech republic 🌐 <http://www.heureka.cz>



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PLATFORM9

Who we are

Mission

Accelerate enterprise hybrid clouds with a hybrid cloud platform that just works

Key Metrics

300 cloud regions
managed globally

500,000 cores of
compute under management

Investors



Key Customers





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Problem of Scale

- Customer base growth == Substantial increase in public cloud costs
- At ~300 cloud regions, just RDS bill amounted to 10s of thousands





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Infra evolution

2014-2016



AWS for compute
+ RDS

2017-2018



Private cloud for
compute + RDS

2019-2020



Private cloud for
compute + DB



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Hurdles to DBaaS

- Automation set up to use of public self service API
- Reliance on RDS snapshots, performance charts and alerting
- No MySQL expertise
- Required Comparable performance
- Needed drop-in replacement for MySQL to minimize impact





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Searching for DBaaS

Requirement

Simple, self service, open API

Drop in replacement: MySQL

Automated backups, API driven recovery

High Availability & Failover

Open Source

Built-in monitoring

MySQL-Operator Featureset

K8s CRD implementation

Percona: 100% compatible

Scheduled Backups to S3

Replica support with automated failover with Orchestrator

Yes

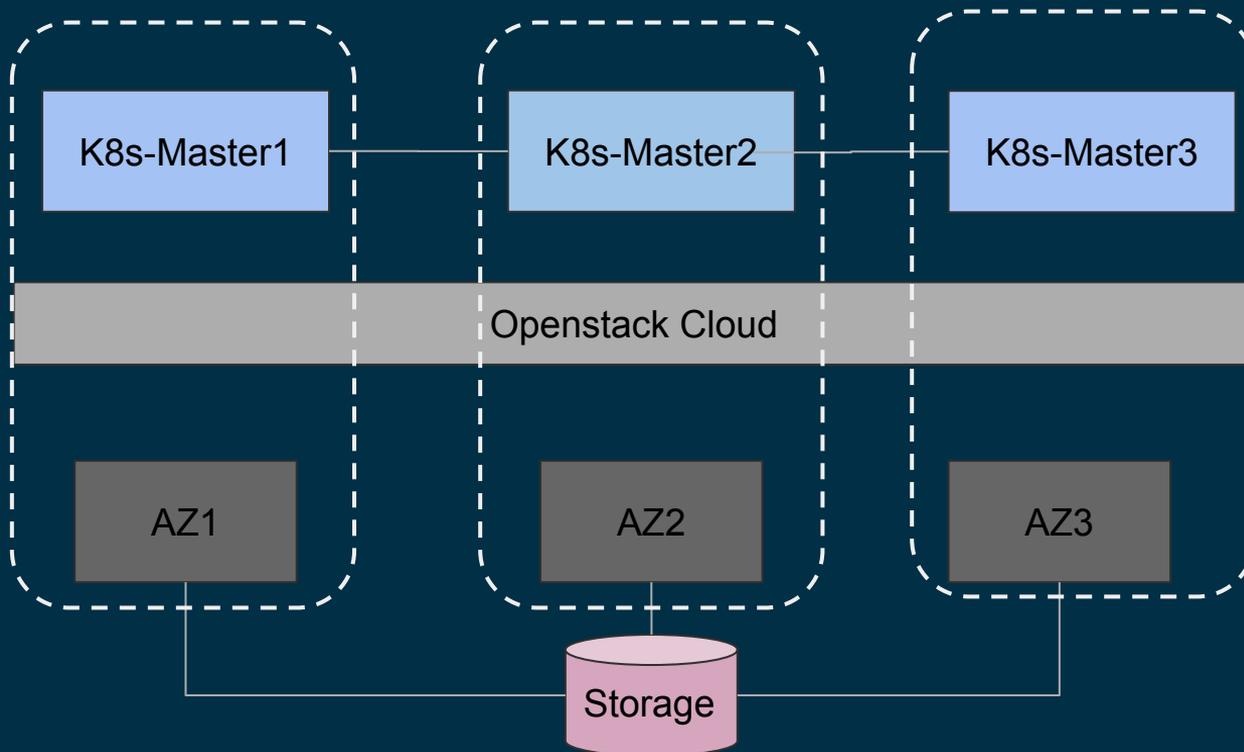
Yes: Prometheus metrics





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On-prem Architecture



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@Platform9Sys



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The Rollout

Current State

- ~10 accounts using MySQL managed on K8s by the operator
- 3 managed multi-master K8s clusters: Dev, Stage and Prod
- Automated failover with 3-AZ deployment

Plan:

- 100% deployments managed with MySQL operator
- Standardize on Operator Paradigm: Prometheus Monitoring, Log collection, etc.



Thank You!